H H Renner

THE

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM.

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BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

EDWARD T. TUTEN, EDITOR.

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Political Notes.

—The youngest convict in the Kentucky Penitentiary is there for murder. He must be very poor or very black, or he would not be there for *that* cause.

—The New York *World* says: "As Tweed's testimony draws nearer and nearer the press of New York, we regret to see our esteemed contemporaries throwing increasing quantities of cold water on it.

—The Democrats who imagine that the Chinese-gong business in New York means anything, can remember that the Republicans are satisfied with their ticket. The sounds heard are merely the wail over Curtis.

—Tweed's revelations were not eminently valuable, considered as contributions to the safety and steadiness of Tammany. The Morrissey crowd of anti-Tammanyites evidently have the upper hand of the State of New York.

—Colonel Forney, who was present at the conversation at which Sumner is said to have pledged his favor to the San Domingo annexation scheme, claims that he understood Mr. Sumner precisely as General Grant did, but that Sumner afterward declared that he had been misunderstood. Forney accepted this view, but Grant never did.

—While what Donn Piatt says of McClellan's relation to the moth business is doubtless true, as it came out in evidence, there seems to be a skeleton in Piatt's cupboard, judging from the howl he makes. He has proven himself a hard customer in the past, and is hardly in favor among the people. His record is very badly scorched, and he is not the man to sorrow before the people. He has a bad name, and apparently deservedly so.

—The Sioux chiefs, at Washington, have finished their consultations and are about to return to their homes, and in very bad humor. They do not wish to go to the Missouri river this fall, and yet, as their supplies are there, the Government insists that they must go. Their treaty seems to require it. The misfortune is that these Indians represent friendly branches of the Sioux, and the chiefs are those who have been, in part, friendly for years. Red Cloud is one of this number. It is feared that if forced to go to the Missouri, there will be an Indian war next spring. So it goes.

THE voters of Centre county have no local officers to vote for this fall, which should have a tendency to draw party lines very strict; yet the one office to be filled, viz: District Attorney, is an important one, and should be filled by a competent, faithful, honest man. There are at present two persons named to be voted for—Clement Dale and D. F. Fortney. We favor the election of Mr. Dale because we believe he is the best fitted for the position. He is a rising lawyer at our bar, and, what is important, he is honest—no money which may pass through his hands will be misappropriated. His record is pure and spotless, and if he is elected every citizen may feel confident that no defalcation will arise through any negligence or want of care or want of honesty on his part. He belongs to one of the oldest families in this county, and is well and favorably known to all our people. Although he was nominated by a Republican convention, yet we do not appeal to you as Republicans to vote for him, but we ask you to support him, because he is honest, capable and every way worthy of your support; because we feel that especially for our local offices you want to elect those men whom you know to be the most capable, and the most honest as well. There is no voter in the county who cannot satisfy himself upon this point, and every honest, well-meaning voter, be he Republican, Democrat, Greenbacker or Labor-Reformer, should do so before he deposits his vote in November next. If you fail to do this, you, in a measure, make yourselves responsible for whatever dereliction of duty the person you vote for may be guilty of when elected. Let every honest voter think of this and act in accordance with his convictions, without regard to previous party affiliations. Vote for Clement Dale and purity in the administration of the District Attorney's office.

The New Party.

The combination of the Labor party and the Greenback party into one political party for the purposes of the campaign shows how readily political organizations that have not as yet any very clearly defined political principles covering all the wants of the body politic, may, without a ruffle, be made to coalesce, although their declaration of principles may, in many particulars, wholly antagonize each other. There are very many good men identified with the Labor and Greenback party, but we find those who lead the movement and control its action are not men of repute as statesmen, nor are they the men who have done most by speech and pen to enhance the interest of the laboring man, and to sustain the greenback as the cheapest and best currency for our people.

Such men as Judge Kelley and Henry C. Carey and that class of statesmen fail to identify themselves with the movement, because the wisdom of the movement, as a distinct political organization at the present time, is extremely questionable. And, although the principles promulgated in the different platforms of the Labor party and the Greenback party are good and sound in many particulars, yet is it wise on the part of thoughtful men—men who are interested in maintaining our manufacturing industries—to divide their strength at a time when the Bourbon Democracy have become the enthusiastic champions of *free trade* and hard money?

Our iron industries are now greatly prostrated and are scarcely able to keep in operation, because of the extreme low price of iron, it being lower in our markets than ever before known and the cost of its manufacture being fully equal to what it will bring in market, and were the baleful policy of free trade, which is being earnestly advocated by the Democratic party and press all over the land, inaugurated, nine-tenths of our iron works now in operation would be compelled to cease work and throw out of employment hundreds of thousands of laboring men. The Republican party stands committed to the protection of American industries, is in favor of the general government aiding our industries by securing to them foreign markets, and is in favor of protecting them from the ruinous competition of the pauper labor of Europe. The Republican party is largely in favor of maintaining the greenback as the currency of the nation. The greenback is the child of the Republican party, and it is unwilling to see it sacrificed to enhance the interests of the money sharks of the land. The greenback is now almost on a par with gold; and if it be made a full and complete legal tender for all dues, and silver be remonetized, then our currency will be on a par and mutually interchangeable. The Republican party is the party of progress and has always espoused the cause of the people, and as it saved the nation from the treason of the Democracy, so it will again save it from the Democratic heresy of free trade, which is almost as hurtful to the interests of our people as the Democratic heresy of secession and rebellion.

Then, is it wise to divide our strength, when the Democracy are so eager to get hold of the government, and when they stand on the very threshold of national control? Can we not hope to secure, through the Republican party by keeping it intact, our greenback currency based on the nation's wealth, the proper protection to our industries, the aid of the general government to assist our industries to establish foreign markets for their products, and thus give our labor employment at good wages at a much earlier day than it would be possible to accomplish the same objects through a new political organization? A new political party is not created in a day, nor can it spring into being full-fledged from the brain of Jupiter, and assume control of the government at once, but it comes up to power and to government by patient and faithful work.

The new party, in the present canvass, has no hope of success, but it designs, as we are informed, to show its strength. That of itself signals its defeat, and the very effort to show its strength might be the means of placing in power the party of free trade and hostility to American protection.

Two years ago the temperance men, contrary to all wholesome advice and sound reason, desired to test their strength, and made a sad farce of it by advertising their numbers to be about thirteen thousand, instead of ten or twelve times that many in the state. So this new party will not get the support nor the votes of many of our best men who are with them in principle, because they doubt the wisdom of the movement, and because they believe the same end may more speedily be obtained through the Republican party, and because the movement might contribute to elevate to power the Democracy and fasten upon the country all the ills of their free trade theories.

Let every Republican, then, think and vote intelligently at the coming election, and consider well before he throws away his influence for the best good for the greatest number.

Passmore and Hart.

Our candidates for Auditor-General and State Treasurer could not have chosen a more auspicious day for visiting our people than on Friday last, when over six thousand representatives of Centre county were paying a merited tribute to the agricultural interests of our county by their presence at the fair.

J. A. M. Passmore and Capt. W. B. Hart, our candidates for Auditor-General and State Treasurer, arrived in our town on the ten o'clock train, and were received by Hon. Wm. P. Wilson, Chairman of the State Central Committee, and a number of our prominent Republicans and citizens. They were at once shown the beauties of the town and formally introduced to most of our townsmen, upon whom the affable and pleasing manners of Passmore and the modest and winning manners of Captain Hart made a favorable impression, and seemed to our candidates a very cordial reception.

In the afternoon they went to the fair ground, where a siege of hand-shaking was inaugurated that occupied the afternoon and embraced many of the citizens from every part of the county. The hand-shaking was cordial and our people were well pleased with the appearance of the Republican candidates, because of the noble specimens of manhood they are, their very persons bearing the impress of honesty, integrity and worth. The candidates were highly pleased with their introduction to our people, with the many pledges and assurances they received of a hearty support from the Republicans of Centre county, and expressed themselves most approvingly of the fine display at the fair and of the deep interest manifested by our farmers in displaying the fruits of their industry, and congratulated themselves that they had experienced the pleasure of a good day at a Centre county fair. In the evening they were serenaded at the Bush House by the Centre Hall and Bellefonte bands, which discoursed their finest music in a most creditable manner, and to the members of which they were personally introduced, and recognized the courtesy in a becoming and appreciative manner.

Messrs. Passmore and Hart have been over a great portion of the state, and give a most encouraging report of the prospects of the campaign in the State, and are confident of a certain and triumphant victory at the polls in November next. Let the Republicans of Centre do their whole duty, and evidence their loyalty to the party of progress and liberty by polling a larger vote than ever before for our state and county ticket.

—It has been developed again that Curtis was a Civil Service Reformer, under Grant's administration, to the tune of about fifty dollars a day. What will be expected under the new system cannot be told. Five hundred dollars and expenses for ten days' service would make most persons Civil Service Reformers.

Special Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 6, '77.

The committee designated to inspect the public buildings and ascertain what steps are necessary to secure them and their valuable contents from a similar disaster to that of Monday week, reports that they are "literally tinder-boxes." They found the National Observatory, from which many important astronomical discoveries have been made, many contributions to science founded on real observation and study have originated, in a most inflammable condition, and the accumulation of the most improved instruments and apparatus in constant danger from destruction by fire. In the upper stories of Winder's Building, occupied by the 2d Auditor, vouchers representing $1,900,000,000 are stowed away under the roof, awaiting an accidental spark or one communicated purposely, to insure their absolute destruction in one short hour; for unless discovered within the first few minutes, the means provided for extinguishing a fire would prove about as efficacious as a "squirt gun" used to extinguish the heat radiated from the beaming face of old Sol. Such a fire would wipe out the most valuable history of everything connected with the raising, equipping and payments of our armies during the rebellion, let alone a period prior to the war of scores of years. Except the new State Department, every other government building in this city is in daily peril from the same source, including the Capitol, erected at a cost of more than $20,000,000. Indeed, so patent was this danger to the thousands of Centennial visitors here last year, that it was often referred to, and officials in charge advised to recommend appropriations in their annual estimates for making them fire-proof. That is the universal demand now from all quarters.

The predicted cyclone struck us yesterday about noon, accompanied with a heavy fall of rain. The authorities responsible for a new covering to protect the portion of the Patent Office unroofed by the fire have spent the ten intervening days in getting ready to do something. Consequently the rooms were flooded, some of them to the depth of six inches, and the records and books saved from the fire were in danger of utter ruin by water. They were hastily removed, many of them much damaged. There was another afternoon of chaos and confusion; and many tons of the marble walls and the roofing of the northern portico came crashing to the sidewalk below, sadly marring the beautiful ornamental work of pillars and floor, and the grand building looks more than ever this morning like a dismal wreck. All over town streets and basements were flooded. The capacity of sewers was found insufficient, the water backing up and flooding nearly every cellar along Pennsylvania Avenue from 4½ street to 13th street, Missouri Avenue, B street and others in the lower section of the city were in like condition. Trees, fences, chimneys, signs, awnings and everything else movable were prostrated and wrecked, the *debris* filling the streets. The ruins of Gheen & Osborne's stable came tumbling into the street with a crash, utterly demolishing the buildings adjoining, partially destroyed by the fire and just repaired by the insurance companies. The depot on the B. & P. road resembled a light house on a submerged island, and travel was greatly impeded, while a corner in umbrellas was easily effected, and the tardy equinoctial finally cleared away leaving the government and individuals thousands of dollars out of pocket.

Members of Congress are arriving and Cox has opened fire on other aspirants for the Speakership from his headquarters at the Riggs House. Large numbers bent on pleasure or profit are already here for the winter. Houses are in greater demand than at any time for some years, and a very full attendance of the "people" somewhat commensurate with the many momentous problems confronting the 45th Congress is anticipated. Among the subjects that will at once engage attention are the payment of the Army and Navy, representation at the Paris Exposition, appropriations to render public buildings fire-proof and the repair of the Patent Office. Mr. McCrary, it is said, will also recommend the increase of our army to its maximum of 40,000 men, in view of Mexican and Indian contingencies. Considering the losses resulting to government and people through the strike epidemic, Indian outbreaks and an extra session, all legitimate fruits of the pig-headed refusal of the last Congress to increase the army in proportion to the demands upon it, or to provide pay for the skeleton we had, bragging about "economy" is decidedly out of order and an insult to the intelligence of the country.

Ex-Clerk Adams' action in refusing to place Judge Belford's name on the rolls, though he has a clear *prima facie* title including Gov. Routt's certificate, is generally condemned as an assumption of authority that even a Democratic Congress is not thought likely to tolerate in one of its creatures.

In the Hitowake case, now before the criminal court, Gen. Negley is charged with having sworn to the justice and equity of a claim for $24,705 for logs alleged to have been delivered to the U. S. authorities at Nashville in 1862, when in fact he knew it to be wholly fraudulent.

Goodrich, the Interior Department clerk who got money to gratify his licentious tastes by forging the names of fellow clerks to their pay vouchers, is now in jail awaiting trial, having failed to secure $12,000 bail.

Donn Piatt's offer to furnish evidence to convict Gen. Ingalls and Marcy of having been induced to recommend the government's adoption of the Cowles and Brega moth exterminator, in consideration of bribes paid to them, is likely to be accepted. McClellan appears in no creditable light as the go-between. Of course, "good society"—that with plenty of money, no matter how obtained—is dreadfully shocked at such insinuations.

O'Brien, the trusted clerk in the 6th Auditor's Office, who has been discovered in collusion with mail contractors, enabling them to obtain double pay for their services, and the defalcation of the Georgetown collector, are among the Washington topics for every-day discussion; while a prospective Mexican war fills the holders of indemnity bonds with joy unspeakable, and those awaiting officer's commissions full of glory.

LEO.

WE are glad to learn that Hon. Wm. P. Wilson, Chairman of the State Central Convention, has appointed John G. Love, Esq., of our town, one of his secretaries. He could not have made a better appointment. Mr. Love is a young lawyer of ability, and has had considerable experience in the management of political campaigns, and is one of our best and most effective organizers and workers. He will be a valuable second to Chairman Wilson. His presence on the Committee will contribute largely to the perfect and effective organization of the campaign, and if the people will second the efforts of the Chairman of the State Central Committee and his secretaries there can be no doubt as to the successful triumph of the Republican ticket this fall. In making this appointment Mr. Wilson has done himself great credit and conferred a well-merited compliment upon Mr. Love.

WE are in receipt of a few numbers of the *Farmers' Friend*, published by R. H. Thomas, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland county, Penna. Single subscription, $1.50 per annum; for eight or more, $1.25 per annum, with an extra copy for every fifteen subscribers. The *Friend* is the recognized organ of the Grangers—is a very neat, readable paper, and in reality what it purports to be, *the farmers' friend*. No farmer should be without the county paper and at least one agricultural paper. The subscription price of each places them within the reach of every farmer, and the amount of benefit derived, especially among farmers' children, is incalculable. The diffusion of practical farm knowledge enables farmers to keep pace with the times, and the best medium is an agricultural paper. Try the *Friend*.

THE Philadelphia *Times* says that a counterfeit five-dollar bill on the First National Bank of Tamaqua, Pennsylvania, has been issued. It is exceedingly well executed, and is calculated to deceive even the shrewdest experts. People handling money would do well to refuse to receive all fives on this bank until further advised regarding this spurious note.

—There bids fair to be a very decided bolt in the Democratic party in New York under the lead of Erastus Corning—a representative of the better element among the Democracy. So, after all, the Democratic press of that state may find better employment than in seeking to promote trouble in Republican ranks.

Additional Locals.

A SOCIAL EVENT.—The wedding season was most happily opened on last Thursday morning by quite a brilliant nuptial ceremony in the Presbyterian church of this place. The parties to the ceremony were Miss Jennie Rankin, the lovely and accomplished daughter of James Rankin, Esq., and Mr. Daniel H. Hastings, a young and promising lawyer, all of this place. Although the rain was pouring down in torrents, by nine o'clock the commodious auditorium of the Presbyterian church was filled to repletion by the many friends and acquaintances of the bride and groom. The bridal party, consisting of six, soon arrived; the bride being accompanied by Misses Humes and Rankin as bride's-maids, the latter a sister of the bride, and the groom being supported by Durbin Gray and J. P. Spangler, Esq., as best men. The officiating clergymen were Rev. Wm. Laurie and Rev. Geo. H. Miller. All the parties to the ceremony were tastefully and elegantly attired, and formed an attractive picture. At the close of the service the happy couple left for the home of the bride, where they received the congratulations of friends, and at ten went to the depot and departed on the train for Philadelphia, to be gone about one week. With this event one of our most beautiful ladies, and one of our most handsome gentlemen, have changed their condition from single to married life, and our wish is that they may be as happy as they are handsome.

A BAREFACED MISREPRESENTATION.—The freely circulated statement of a boot and shoe firm in Bellefonte, that, at the Centre county fair, "All competitors were set in the shade," bears upon its face the impress of falsehood. The facts are, as the documents will show, that we took the premium for the best display of boots and shoes at the last year's exhibition, also for the best pair of home-made boots and for the best factory manufactured boots; and there can be no *two bests*. This year we had no competition, this self-vaunted firm being either unwilling or afraid to come in competition with us. In all that pertains to the manufacture of boots and shoes, we challenge competition, either as regards workmanship, style, or accommodating prices; and the effort to boost themselves into favor, practiced in this underhanded and lying way, will recoil upon the firm that practices it. If there were any premiums awarded the firm alluded to, they were merely complimentary. JOHN POWERS.

——Sechler & Co., in the Bush House block, opposite the REPUBLICAN office, are making constant additions to their superior groceries, family supplies, etc., which they continue to sell at the lowest possible prices for cash. One feature of their trade has always commended itself—their extensive stock always embraces the very best articles, so that purchasers may be sure of obtaining there not only reliable supplies, but the full worth of their money. They are determined to sell cheap, but above all other considerations, to secure and sell only the best.

——Joseph Crotzer, who lives a short distance above Centre Hall, raised forty-two bushels of potatoes on a piece of ground containing twenty-eight rods. Out of this lot he picked thirty-four which filled a bushel basket. He also raised on a lot of ground containing nine rods forty-six bushels of sugar beets. The *Reporter* wants to know who can beat Crotzer's beets.

——All prudent property owners and business men take prompt steps to guard against fire, and to provide for their families in case of death or accident.—Joseph A. Rankin & Son, Fire and Life Insurance agents, near the Court House, are prepared to take risks in the most reliable companies.

——No stock of dress goods in Central Pennsylvania can compare as to variety, quality, magnificence, good value, prices, &c., to that just received at Valentines.

——Graham & Son are selling good, solid Red Sole Leather for 25 cents per pound; Kips and Upper at 60 cts. Now is the time to buy. 38 4t.

——The Indian name of Penn creek was "Kaarondeakah." This information can be found in John Lynn's new book, "Annals of Buffalo Valley."

——Capt. Hassenplug has purchased a lot of Thomas Richardson, at Spring Mills, and will erect a store house this fall.

——To do yourself justice in flannels you must go to Valentines.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Poetry.

My Mother's Voice.

My mother's voice! how often creeps
Its cadence on my lonely hours!
Like healing sent on wings of sleep,
Or dew to the unconscious flowers.
I migh forget her melting prayer,
While pleasure's pulses gaily fly;
But in the still, unbroken air
Her gentle tones come stealing by,
And years of sin and manhood flee,
And leave me at my mother's knee.

The book of nature, and the print
Of beauty on the whispering sea,
Give still to me some lineament
Of what I have been taught to be.
My heart is harder, and perhaps
My manliness has drank up tears,
And there's a mildew in the lapse
Of a few miserable years:
But nature's book is even yet
With all my mother's lessons writ.

I have been out at eventide,
Beneath a moonlight sky of spring,
When earth was garnished like a bride,
And night had on her silver wing,
When bursting buds and diamond grass,
And waters leaping to the light,
And all that make the pulses pass
With wilder sweetness, thronged the night;
When all was beauty, then have I,
With friends on whom my love is flung,
Like myrrh on wings of Araby,
Gaz'd up where evening's lamp is hung—

And when the beauteous spirit there
Flung over me its golden chain,
My mother's voice came on the air
Like the light dropping of the rain;
And resting on some silver star,
The spirit of a bended knee,
I've poured her deep and fervent prayer,
That our eternity might be—
To rise in heaven like stars at night,
And tread a living path of light.

Matrimony.

"Love in the tub, and the bottom fell out."—ANON.

A couple sat beside the fire,
Debating which should first retire.
The husband sportively had said—
"Wife, you shall go and warm the bed."
"I never will," she quick replied;
"I did so once, and nearly died."
"And I will not," replied the spouse,
With firmer tone and lowering brows.
And thus a war of words arose,
Continuing till they nearly froze.
Both grew mute—and hov'ring nigher
Around the faintly glimmering fire.
They trembled o'er the dying embers,
As though ague seized their members,
Resolved like heroes ne'er to yield,
But force each other from the field.
And thus this once fond, loving pair
In silence shook and shivered there,
Till every spark of fire was gone,
And cocks were crowing for the dawn;
When all at once the husband said—
"Wife—hadn't we better go to bed?"

Local History.

A Scrap of Local History.

Reminiscence of Sixty Years Ago—Confession of David Lewis, the Noted Highwayman and Counterfeiter of that Early Day, Made at the Bellefonte Jail, July 12, 1820.

[*Concluded.*]

Forming suddenly a determination of going to my mother, I resolved upon its execution as soon as I could disengage myself from Connelly, of whose company I began to grow tired, but Providence, that overrules the actions and destinies of man, had otherwise ordained; as we had been so long connected together in a criminal intercourse, it was to be our fate to continue in the same career of wickedness until both should expiate their crimes by the justly merited sacrifice of their lives, on the same occasion and in the same manner. My wretched companion suspecting my intention to leave him, procured from me in an unguarded moment, a rash oath that we should never separate from one another without the consent of each. A false pride and a mistaken sense of honor operating upon a mind whose moral sense was weakened by vice, whose conscience was hardened by crime, I determined to fulfil with fidelity what I had promised with rashness. Many days had not elapsed after this before I became affected by a strange presentiment which I could not resist, that my glass was nearly run, and I should soon be called to answer for my conduct here, in another world. Notwithstanding the errors of my education, and the wicked and criminal manner in which I had spent my life, I never disbelieved in the existence of a God, or the truth of Revelation, but my convictions of conscience (if such they can be called) were of so transitory a nature, that they never produced any fruits except an occasional fearful apprehension of Divine wrath and punishment, which I endeavored to remove as speedily as possible by embarking in some new adventure, or engaging in fresh scenes of dissipation and debauchery. Not being able to overcome this feeling, and acting under its influence, I concluded upon paying a visit to Carlisle, the place of my nativity, once more, before I should quit this part of the country forever, as my intention was to retire to Canada and settle there, after I should see my mother and make preparations for removing my wife and children. Previous to my departure I was engaged in several enterprises of a criminal nature, in some of which we were fortunate, and in others unsuccessful. In the attempt to plunder the house of old Mr. Eberly, and rob him of a large sum of money, which we were told he had in his possession, chiefly in old coin and Spanish dollars, we were surprised in the act, by an alarm made by the family, and I, in particular, was very near being apprehended. After the failure of this attempt, I started for Carlisle early the next morning, having first disguised my person as well as I could, by altering my clothing, blacking my whiskers and eyebrows, covering one eye with a piece of green silk, and sticking a large black patch on my left cheek; in this manner I arrived in Carlisle about twilight in the evening, carrying a bundle of old clothing under my arm, and affecting the infirmity of an old cripple.

Afraid to expose myself by remaining too long in the same place, and anxious to avoid the risk of detection, I changed my situation frequently, and mixed with different companions in different places. I occasionally became a party to the conversation carried on, and thus became acquainted with characters of some of the inhabitants, and the passing transactions of the times, which made me think the inhabitants of the place were really a very queer people. In one of my rambles through the streets I happened to meet with, and immediately recognized the man with whom I attempted to pass some of my counterfeit notes, and through whose agency I was very near being arrested. On inquiry, I found his real name to be Henry C. Marthens, and learnt that he had removed from Walnut Bottom and settled in Carlisle. I likewise gained some information about the mare, which I had left in his possession when I took a French leave of him and Colonel M'Ginnis, and was told the mare was sold for one hundred dollars and the money pocketed by Marthens. As Marthens has no right to the mare or the money, he will do an act of justice only, if he returns the latter to my poor wife and family, whom he will easily find either in New York or Philadelphia. At all events he can have no just claims to the money, and if he is unwilling to restore it to my family, he ought at least, as an honest man, appropriate it for some charitable or benevolent use, either in my name or in our just names. I understood that this man Marthens had intended to make the tour of Europe,—whether in the character of Missionary or Wandering Jew, I did not hear; his object appeared to be to impose on the credulous, by tendering his services to collect legacies and debts in the old countries, and for this purpose had procured a curious kind of certificate from Gov. Findley, under the great seal of the Commonwealth, and ribbons and wax attached, of which he was as fond of displaying as a new made justice was of his commission.

In the evening I repaired to the house in which I was born, situate in Hanover St., nearly opposite Dr. Foulke, and so strong was my affection for the natal spot, that I stooped down and kissed the sill of the door on which I had frequently sat by the side of my mother, and enjoyed the innocent sports of boys older and bigger than myself, who played around us in the street. I was anxious again to see the draw-well which stood in the street a short distance from the house, and expected to find the same bucket hanging in the well, from which I had often, unknown to my mother, allayed my thirst; but finding a pump in its stead, I drew up as much water as cooled my parched and burning mouth, which I drank out of the hollow of my hand; but alas! it could not quench the consuming fire that raged in my bosom. The scenes brought to my recollection the happy days of my infancy and innocence, which had gone by never to return, and the comparison between what I had been and what I was now, filled my heart with compunction. I felt as one possessed of two distinct souls, and two opposite natures, one inclining me to virtue, and the other drawing me to vice and crime; the strength of the latter prevailed over the weakness of the former, and had plunged me back into that deep and black abyss of guilt from which I found it impossible to rise. My heart was torn to pieces by the violence of feelings which now agitated me, and I shed a profuse shower of tears; but tears afford relief only to those who are at peace with themselves. Alas! they brought none to a miserable wretch so guilty as I had been. This gentle fluid of humanity, while it ran from my inflamed eyes, only scalded my cheeks without relieving my bursting heart. I remained some time in the agony of feeling, transfixed to the spot like a statue of despair, and might have continued to remain much longer, except for some soft sounds of music which broke upon my ear. I immediately turned round and found the sound proceeded from a house up an adjacent alley, where I followed until I came to the stone dwelling from which the sound issued. I stopped and listened with a breathless attention. Finding it resembled the melody of sacred music, I opened the gate and proceeded to the window, when, peeping through one of the broken shutters, I observed the delightful spectacle of an aged couple closing the labors and duties of the day in exercises of devotion and worship. It was a sight to which I had not been accustomed, and when the venerable man of God, in the concluding prayer, pronounced, with the voice and countenance of an angel, the solemn expression, amen! I involuntarily repeated the words in so loud a tone that made them both start with surprise and astonishment; but lest my appearance by remaining longer should add to the terror of this worthy pair, I instantly escaped, without being noticed or perceived.

Retiring from the interesting spot with more composure than I came to it, my meditations recalled to my memory the religious impressions with which I had once before been affected, in New York, on hearing the Rev. Bishop Habard preach in that city, and lamented how easily they had been effaced by the guilty pleasures and criminal scenes in which I indulged on that occasion to dissipate their effects. After walking the streets for some time in search of a resting place for the night, I happened to pass by the public offices, and finding the door open, I preferred the hard bed and miserable shelter which they might afford my wearied body, to the damp and unwholesome air to which I must expose myself, from lying on one of the stalls in the open market place. I entered with considerable reluctance, as I disliked to be indebted for a shelter, even for one night, to a place which had been so long occupied by Governor Findley's public officers, and represented as the den of extortion and oppression. After placing my bundle on the bricks for a pillow, I laid down and soon fell into a sound and undisturbed sleep, from which I did not awake until my ears were assailed by loud cries of Gliddy Glough, Gliddy Glough. I was not long in discovering that the noise came from a poor, unfortunate maniac, of the name of Baggs, whom I had often seen before in Carlisle and other places. I accosted him without apology, and saying, George, be still, the inoffensive idiot immediately replied, Oh, yes, Bill, and without more to do retired to a corner of the entry, where he laid down and remained quiet until he fell asleep, much happier than hundreds who lie on beds of down under canopies of velvet. Notwithstanding my poor accommodations for rest, I rose at daybreak much refreshed, and returned to the old haunt in East Pennsboro, where I rejoined Connelly, my companion in iniquity. We tarried there two days, and on the morning of the third commenced my journey to my mother's. The conversation that passed between us on the road chiefly related to matters connected with the course of life in which we had so long been engaged, and the impressions made on my mind by recent circumstances favoring a change of conduct, growing weaker and weaker, I soon yielded with a willing mind to every suggestion and proposition that came from my dangerous companion. We now agreed to renew our old trade of robbery and plunder, and as guilt becomes bolder by repetition, we possessed a kind of fictitious courage bordering on despair, increased greatly by the very circumstance of danger we were in; conscious that having so often offended against the peace of society, and the laws of our country, no prospect appeared of receiving another pardon unless Governor Findley should be re-elected, of which even his former friends were now even doubtful.

On crossing the Juniata an incident was brought to my recollection which I considered as a very unfortunate circumstance at the time it happened. It was as follows: Having got possession of a very large sum of money in notes of the Carlisle bank, which I had procured in exchange for counterfeit, I carefully placed them in a curious envelope, made of an alligator skin, tanned at Havana, which the unfortunate Joseph Hare, lately executed at Baltimore, had purchased at Pensacola, and gave to me for a keepsake. On being pursued through the Tuscarora mountains, I hid the skin with its contents under a large rock that projected over the river. During the spring freshet the rain had fallen in torrents, and the flood overflowing the bank, washed away the earth, and carried off the rocks into the Juniata, at least ten feet from its natural bed. Returning to the spot about three months after the freshet, I discovered the ravages of the flood, and though I searched the bank of the river and the water below with the greatest care, I was unable to discover either money or purse; an accident at which I grieved much at the time, not only for the loss of the notes as regarded myself, but it distressed me not a little to think any of Governor Findley's letter should profit so much by the disaster, unless perchance some fortunate waterman may have the good luck to discover it as he descends the river.

We moved on in this mood for some time and determined not to risk much by petty thefts on the road, reserving all our skill and courage for greater exploits more productive of gain, at the same time as free from danger as enterprises of so daring a nature permitted. No opportunity for plunder happened for some time, and our hopes began to languish, when calling at a miserable grog shop, we overheard a conversation between the landlady and a stranger, the latter informing her that a wagon loaded with store goods belonging to Hammond & Page, of Bellefonte, was expected shortly to pass. The animating intelligence raised our drooping spirits, and to increase our ardor for plunder, McGuire, another of the gang, made his appearance at the door just as we were preparing to leave the house. Affecting to treat one another as strangers, and dissembling our knowledge of him and he of us, we took our departure, after giving him a secret signal known only to the fraternity. We had proceeded but a short distance before we were overtaken by our old companion, and having communicated to him the information we got at the tavern, we concluded upon making another bold push to retrieve our fallen fortunes. To accomplish our views with more security, we concerted the plan of robbing the wagon in the Seven Mountains, and accordingly proceeded to execute our purpose. The attempt was crowned with success, and the spoils divided between us. Elevated with our good luck and inflamed with liquor, we made another attempt to rob the store of Mr. James Potter, of Pennsvalley, the next morning. But though we commenced the operation before the break of day and had the advantage of being armed with rifles, we were unexpectedly discovered, and dreading to encounter Mr. Potter and his family, whom I knew to be a brave and resolute man, we decamped on the first notice, without making any resistance.

After this, McGuire was dispatched to Bellefonte to reconnoitre and seek out safe and suitable objects of plunder. Assuming the appearance of a gentleman, he was dressed in the best clothes we could furnish, and in this character entered one of the shops with the pretended view of purchasing store goods, while his chief intention was to gain information and make his observation of the premises, particularly as to the manner of securing the store at night, and the vigilance or carelessness of the owner. On his return, we consulted together about the danger we might be exposed to in case of a failure and apprehension, and finding Govornor Findley to grow more unpopular every day, and his chances of success weaker and fewer, we were prevented by fear from an open assault, lest if caught in the act of burglary, conviction might be the consequence of prosecution, and all hopes of a pardon cut off by the election of Mr. Findley's opponent. Abandoning the project of robbery by force, we resolved to attain by stratagem what we dreaded to effect by violence. A new scheme was adopted. McGuire was to return in the garb and character of a laborer to procure employment, and after gaining admittance into the family as a domestic, he was to carry on a secret correspondence with us, and as soon as the plot was ripe for action, introduce us into the store the first night the store keeper might happen to be absent. But owing either to his imprudence or the sagacity of the store-keeper, he was suspected to be an imposter and refused employment.

On the return of McGuire, the news of his failure filled us with new terror, when we agreed to separate for a time, the better to avoid detection and elude the officers of justice. For several days I concealed myself in the most lonely place I could find in the vicinity of Bellefonte, and at night slept or rather lay in the woods, under the most distressing feelings of alarm and fear. The least noise was sufficient to disturb me, and the dismal scream of the screech-owl terrified my imagination with awful forebodings. One night, while I lay under a large oak, my thoughts were much engaged in meditating upon the forlorn condition to which I had brought myself; sleep had forsaken my eye-lids, and my waking attention was alive to every noise around me. The shaking of a tree, or the fall of a leaf, produced agitation and trembling. Thus I spent the night, anxious for the return of morning, and vainly expecting that the light of day, while it would dissipate the darkness that over-spread the earth, might also remove the deep gloom that pervaded my mind. Alas! the sun shines only for the innocent and the happy, and those who are not innocent and free from guilt can no more expect to find happiness, either in this world or in that to come, than they can look for sunshine in the midst of night, without disappointment. During the night I heard a strange noise, not unlike the cracking of a horsewhip, and my mind dwelling on the recent circumstance of the robbery in the Seven Mountains, the alarm of conscience induced me to imagine that the noise proceeded from the whip of the plundered wagoner, who had come in pursuit of me. I jumped up and stood upon my feet, expecting every moment to see the wagoner in person, and feel the lash of his whip. The moon shed but dim light through the thick foliage of the wood, obscuring my vision and preventing me from seeing with distinctness even the nearest objects. I saw no human figure, heard no human voice, and concluded that the noise was nothing but the unreal creation of a disturbed imagination. After walking about for a few minutes I returned to my resting place under the oak, and lay under its branches until the day dawned, when I awoke from a broken sleep of not more than half an hour's duration. The first noise that saluted my ears was a repetition of the same sounds I had heard during the night, and again the poor wagoner appeared in full view to the eyes of my affrighted fancy. But the terror of fancy can never equal the horror of reality. Instead of the wagoner and his whip, I perceived one of the most terrific objects that ever appalled the human sight. A tremendous snake with two heads lay within five feet of where I was, alternately jumping up from the ground, twisting and coiling itself, and at intervals lashing its tail against the trunk of a hickory sapling. It ceased to move for an instant, and darted at me the angry look of a swollen and distended eye. Horror transfixed me to the spot as fast as the oak near which I stood. Superstition, like fear, generally accompanies guilt, and I now believed the serpentine monster before me was nothing less than the Devil, who had left the infernal abyss, and reappeared in the same form he had assumed when he tempted and deceived our frail parent in the garden of Eden. The design of his visit I considered to be for no other purpose than to carry me off with him to the lower regions, body and soul, as a just punishment for manifold transgressions, and every other fear was swallowed up in the dreadful apprehension of being instantly devoured by the two headed monster. Notwithstanding the violence of terror which I now suffered, the impulse of self-preservation and the love of life restored me to a degree of recollection and composure sufficient to enable me to fly from the impending danger. I immediately assumed a desperate courage, and snatching up my rifle, fled with the utmost velocity the feet of man are capable of, just as this wonder of nature had resumed his occupation of striking his tail against the tree. I continued my flight for several miles, and did not cease running until exhausted nature called for rest. Having reached a safe hiding place, I concealed myself in the retreat until night-fall, expecting the concealing darkness might afford greater security to my attempt to procure some food to relieve the pressing calls of hunger. Wandering about from farm to farm, I happened to espy a smoking oven, and seizing a favorable opportunity, when a negro wench, who had been ordered to watch the oven, had fallen asleep, I opened the mouth and stole a loaf of half-baked bread, the sweetest morsel I had eaten in my life, as long fasting and want of sleep had given a keen appetite to my empty stomach. After securing in my handkerchief the remains of the loaf, I ascended the top of a large hay barrack and lay there till morning, enjoying as composed a sleep as it was possible for one to do suffering the same effects from an affrighted imagination which I experienced from recent scenes of terror and horror. I know my relation of this incident may be considered by many too wonderful for belief, but I assure the reader, on the word of a dying man, that I am within the bounds of truth when I say that the snake of which I have just spoken would have measured at least twenty feet in length, and had two heads and two tails, one of the tails appearing to come out of the mouth of the other, with two large, frightful eyes in each head.

Before the separation of my companions, we had previously agreed upon meeting together at the Bald Eagle. I found them waiting for me with impatient anxiety, and after accounting for my detention, we stole a canoe and proceeded in it until within a short distance of the Big Island. Here we put to shore, and wearied with carrying our stolen burthens, we burned a part of the goods of Messrs. Hammond & Page. The smell drawing some persons to the spot, a discovery took place, which ended in the arrest of M'Guire. Connelly and I now separated to wander in the adjacent hills, each taking his rifle, and fixing a plan of firing and whistling, as the signal for finding one another. The next morning we crossed the river, got breakfast and run some bullets at a house near by; we now started for the Sinemahoning, reached the junction of Bennetts and Driftwood branch, and proceeding thence up Driftwood branch, we arrived in the afternoon at the house of Samuel Smith, and stopped to shoot at a mark with some men who happened to be there. Whilst engaged in this sport a number of persons hove in sight, and recognizing Connelly and me, they demanded our immediate surrender, observing that if we surrendered peaceably we should be well used. Connelly swore a terrible oath, that sooner than do so he would blow them to hell. Having determined never to deprive a fellow being of life, except in necessary defence, I was reduced to the painful alternative of being overpowered by numbers or shoot at them to save myself. Seizing a gun I snapped it twice, firing at random, but luckily it did not go off. At the same moment Connelly fired his, aiming point plank at one of the party in pursuit. Having procured another gun, I fired it also, without aiming it at any one in particular. The fire was quickly returned by the party, when another request was made for our surrender. We now perceived that all hopes of escape were cut off, and actuated by a false spirit of revenge, we uttered the most improper threats of defiance, and called aloud for them to fire away, discharging our guns at the same time. The fire was immediately answered with a volley from the assailants. Connelly escaped the shots, but I was wounded in the right arm, a little above the wrist, and fell. Connelley started and run, but as he retreated through a grain field over the creek, he was fired at, and afterwards found hid in a tree top, with a severe wound in his groin, immediately below the belly, the bullet penetrating the left side and descending, had come out at the outside of the right thigh.

Having dressed our wounds with all the skill and care they were capable of, the party who took us purchased a canoe, and proposed to remove us down the river, and on Sunday, the 3d of July, landed near the Big Island, in Lycoming county. We were taken to Carskadden's tavern, and attended by three physicians and a minister of the gospel. My unhappy companion, receiving no assistance from medical aid, and no comfort from the ministerial offices of religion, died that night in gloomy sullenness. Peace to his ashes; though the period allowed for his repentance was short, may the mercy of God be greater than his repentance, and forgive all his sins and all his crimes.

I was removed to this place as soon as my wound permitted, and with as much tenderness and humanity as the nature of the case allowed of.

I have now brought the history of my adventures to a close, having given as faithful a relation to the more important incidents of my life as my memory enabled me to recollect, in my present distracted state of mind and suffering condition of bodily pain. I have been thus particular, to gratify the wishes of a near and dear friend, who has always taken the greatest interest in my fate and attended me frequently in my illness, and who has promised to remain the friend of my wife, whom a few days more will make a widow, and the father of my beloved children, soon to become the orpans of charity, without his protecting care. In addition to my anxiety to oblige one who was my friend in adversity, I have been induced to undergo the painful task of making this confession with the hope and belief that the publication of my unhappy case may be useful not only to my surviving companions and to society in general, but more especially to the youth of the rising generation, operating as a solemn warning to old and young against indulging in the same wicked practices which have distinguished my unhappy life, and brought ruin upon myself and disgrace upon my family and connection.

The ways of sin can have no pleasure in them. If every robber and criminal found as little satisfaction in following the pursuits of vice as I have done, he must confess their insufficiency to obtain happiness, or even a common share of tranquility. During the day I have felt as if the eyes of all men were upon me, and at night was under constant dread of secret apprehension.

Alas! the only little happiness I ever tasted was in the bosom of my family, and in the society of my wife. When, after a guilty round of crime and dissipation, I have returned to the little room that contained my beloved Melinda, the calm abode of humble virtue, and found her engaged in the concerns of domestic industry; when I have entered by surprise and perceived her, unseen, sitting at the wheel, and heard her singing the old song of "Bess and her Spinning Wheel," I have been overpowered with feelings of delight and shed tears of joy.

Although I deeply lament my second marriage, and blame myself for involving an amiable stranger in distress and misfortune, I pray for her forgiveness, and hope she will continue the mother and guardian of my little girls, whose tender years will require all her care and all her instruction to raise them up in virtue and industry. When I last saw them they promised to be as beautiful as the daughters of Job, and should they be as virtuous as their lovely namesake, I shall not have lived altogether in vain, but may be honored after my death in the honors paid them, and have the disgraceful end of an ignominious life washed away by the virtuous offspring of my Jemima and Heziah.

Philadelphia, in my opinion, is by no means a good place to bring up a family. There are fewer snares and less temptations in the country than in the city;—under this impression, I recommend to my wife to return to Fayette as soon as she can make the necessary arrangements for a removal of herself and children.

While I have been in jail I have received every attention due to one in my situation, not only from the physicians of the town, but the ladies and gentlemen generally; and to Sheriff Mitchell, and his excellent lady, I should be most ungrateful indeed if I did not express my thanks for the many kind offices of humanity and benevolence they continued to bestow on me from the first day of my lodgment in jail. The jailor and his family have been equally kind and good, and I die at peace with all men.

I sincerely forgive my captors, for being the instrument of my death. Acting under the authority of the law, they performed only their duty as good citizens, and have set an example worthy of imitation, in risking their own lives to save society, and liberate the country from the depredations and terrors of a desperate band of robbers, counterfeiters and outlaws.

To the amiable minister who visited me in jail, and prayed for me and with me, when I lay on my miserable pallet, looking with fear and trembling in aw-

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Clothing, Carpets, Boots & Shoes, Groceries, Queensware, Glassware, Wood & Willow Ware, Hats &

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VALENTINES & CO.

H. HERMAN, Manager.

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ful suspense, for the approach of death, I return the unfeigned thanks of an oppressed sinner, for his frequent intercessions at the 'Throne of Grace' in my behalf. And you my kind friend, who have promised to remain with me, and close my eyes, accept my grateful acknowledgment for all you have done for me, and when you have seen me laid with decency in the grave, bear to my mother, the last token of remembrance she will ever receive from her dying son, a small lock of his hair, cut with his own hand from the head of the unfortunate but repentant

DAVID LEWIS.

Bellefonte Jail, 12th July, 1820.

Sumac.

There are many products of this section that pass for nothing commonly, that if properly saved and handled would do much toward the recuperation of Virginia. Among these things is sumac, an article that now forms a trade of considerable magnitude. Any one going in any direction into the country may see large patches of it growing wild along the road-sides, the hedges, and in old fields, notably near small streams, where the soil is of a light, porous, loamy character. Until frost bites it the leaves may be gathered and cured, and the dried article finds ready sale in this town. Only a week or two ago we had occasion to speak of this product, and stated where our friends may find ready sale for all they can prepare. It is a pity that this item of profit should be lost from year to year for want of a little energy in gathering the leaver. We predict, however, that the time is not a great while off when this product will not only be carefully gathered in its wild state, but that it will be cultivated with as much care as other things are now. Plantations where it grows wild may be greatly improved by having all other growth near it cut away to give it room, and by having the sumac itself cut down at the surface or a little above the surface, of the ground each fall. It would thus send up a larger number of shoots in the spring to produce leaves, which is the only part wanted. We advise farmers who have nice patches of it to start this experiment and ascertain if there is not a sensible improvement in the crop both as to quantity and quality.—*Rural Messenger, Va.*

The best insect destroyer, according to the Journal of Chemistry, is alum water. Put the alum into hot water and let it boil until it is entirely dissolved, then apply it hot with a brush to all cracks, closets, bedsteads and other places infested by insects. It is certain death to ants, bedbugs, roaches and *id genus omne*, while there is no danger, in using it, of poisoning any of the family or injuring property.

There is not an item in the long list of articles which we export to foreign countries that has grown to such astonishing proportions and is still capable of so great development as that of fresh meats. It did not appear among our exports until some enterprising shipper took the risk of sending over fresh beef in refrigerators prepared for the purpose. Even then his shipment was refused by several lines. The first lot was sent from New York, and Philadelphia was not slow in profiting by the suggestion. None was sent from Boston until this year and nothing but fresh beef from any port, the total values aggregating about a million and three-quarters. This year we have shipped from the four great eastern ports, not only the enormous amount of eighty million pounds of fresh beef, but mutton and sheep and cattle besides. New York, of course, takes the lead, but Philadelphia ships more than Boston and Portland together, and the aggregate values from all the four ports for the first nine months of the year exceeds ten million dollars. No wonder the London butchers cry out against American beef, and whine for an import duty on it. It is fatter, juicier and better in every respect, two-pence a pound cheaper, and we can furnish all that Great Britain can eat.

List of Patents issued to Inventors of Pennsylvania, excepting Phila., for the week ending Oct. 2, 1877, and each dated Sept. 11, 1877. Furnished this paper by Cox & Cox, Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C.

G Jackson, Hand Trucks, Harrisburg
G Frank, Horse Hitching Device, Harrisburg
R Hammond, Slide Valve, Franklin
J Harkins, Combining Tubes of Injectors for Steam Boilers, Altoona
H & P Nadig, Molding Pulleys, Allentown
S Dickey & a Davis, Iron Fence, Oxford
F Bickman, Rolling Metal, Reading
" Screw Gearing for Rolling Metal Reading
D McIntire, Torpedoes for Oil Wells, Elk City
T Neal, Attaching Tools to Handles, Allegheny
J Peoples, Hat and Clothes Hook, Venice P. O.
W Porteous & A Roney, Stop Cock, Pittsburgh
T Wilson & G Meigs, Eyeglass Frames, Reading

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and their patronage respectfully solicited. It has been thoroughly Repaired by the introduction of entirely

New Machinery,

of the most approved kind in every particular.

MR. WILLIAM KAUP, a miller of experience, will use his best efforts to accommodate all who will favor him with their custom, and will in all cases, when requested, grind and deliver the flour produced from *the identical wheat received.*

WHEAT bought at Bellefonte prices; and FLOUR, CHOP, Etc., for sale at Lowest Market Rates.

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75 cts per hundred 12 cts per dozen.
Sent post paid to any address on receipt of price.

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ALL LOCAL SKIN DISEASES; PERMANENTLY BEAUTIFIES THE COMPLEXION, PREVENTS AND REMEDIES RHEUMATISM AND GOUT, HEALS SORES AND INJURIES OF THE CUTICLE, AND IS A RELIABLE DISINFECTANT.

This popular and inexpensive remedy accomplishes the SAME RESULTS AS COSTLY SULPHUR BATHS, since it PERMANENTLY REMOVES ERUPTIONS and IRRITATIONS of the Skin.

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SORES, SPRAINS, BRUISES, SCALDS, Burns and Cuts are SPEEDILY HEALED by it, and it prevents and remedies Gout and Rheumatism.

IT REMOVES DANDRUFF, strengthens the roots of the Hair, and preserves its youthful color. As a DISINFECTANT of Clothing and Linen used in the sick room, and as a PROTECTION against CONTAGIOUS DISEASES it is unequaled.

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We have opened an **Entire New and Fresh Stock** of all kinds of Goods kept in a Hardware store. Having purchased from First Hands, at Factory Prices, and part being bought at Bankrupt Sale for Cash, we are enabled to sell at extremely low prices, which we are positively doing. Our stock of

RANGES, HEATERS, PARLOR & COOK STOVES

are Guaranteed to give satisfaction. **Prices Greatly Reduced.** We have a great variety of

House Furnishing Hardware,

Wood and Willow Ware, Oil Carpet of all widths, Window Shades, Picture Mouldings, Frames made to Order, Mirror Plate and Mirrors.

Also, Children's Perambulators, Buggies, Wagyons, wheelbarrows, Etc. We have a new stock of TOY FURNITURE FOR CHILDREN, such as Bureaus, Cupboards, Tubs, Wash Sets, Chairs, Trunks, Hoops, Etc.

TO PAINTERS.—Our PURE LEAF, manufactured by Armstrong & McKelvy surpasses all other Leads, in Quality for Whiteness, Covering Properties and Durability. We guarantee it Strictly Pure. Each keg warranted. Colors of all kinds prepared for Ready Use. Also, all kinds of Varnishes, Linseed, Neatsfoot, Lard, Whale, Lubricating and Coal Oils.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Plows, Cultivators, Shovel Plows, Cultivator Teeth, Grain Cradles, Rakes, Shovels, Forks, Etc.

BLACKSMITH TOOLS, Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails—Iron, Steel, Etc., of all kinds and Sizes.

COACH AND WAGONMAKERS will do well to call and examine our stock of Wood Work, as we have selected with great care, and of a superior article, which we will sell at the very bottom Prices.

TO BUILDERS.—Our stock is large and embraces everything needed in building, Locks, Hinges, Glass, Putty, Nuts, Bolts, Chisels, Planes, Mill and Cut Saws, Hand, Panned and Whip Saws, made by Disston, the Champion Saw maker of the world.

SADDLERS' GOODS.—A complete assortment. We will sell at reduced prices, equal to city rates.

We have in connection a TIN SHOP, conducted by Mr. E. A. SMITH, with a full kinds of Tin Ware on hand. Orders left for Roofing, Spouting, Repairing, promptly attended to All work warranted of the very best.

We are determined not to be undersold. We will satisfy the people that we will substantiate what we advertise. Call, as we will take pleasure in showing our goods. Orders will receive our immediate attention—goods delivered at the depot same day.

Rooms Nos. 7 & 8 Humes's Block

9 14 tf 6 Doors North of Post-office.

WILSON & MACFARLANE.

Professional Cards.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa Office on High St. ja4'71-tf.

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law, office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8-1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law, office on High Street, second door from First National Bank. 8-4-tf

W. A. MORRISON, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.

WM. P. WILSON, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte Pa. Office in Mrs. Benner's Building, Bellefonte Pa. v6n1-1y

.BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Allegheny street, Bellefont Pa. v6-1-1v.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-west corner of Brockerhoff House, next door to Centre County Banking Co. 5-17-1y

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co 's Bank. v6n1-1y.

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS.
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-32

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS, Attorneys at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office north-east cor of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank 7-1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorney's at law. Office on Allegheny St., over Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

JOHN I. IRWIN, Attorney-at-law. Office North side of Diamond, Bellefonte, Pa. Collections carefully attended to, and remittances promptly made.

A. A. DALE, Attorney at Law, Boulder City, Colorado. Money loans negotiated at 10 per cent. per annum. Interest paid semi-annually if desired. Loans secured by first lien on good real estate at one-half its actual value. Commissions paid by borrower Investments made in first-class gold and silver mining property. 9no6-1y

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Banks and Bankers.

MOSES THOMPSON, JOHN I. THOMPSON
WM THOMPSON, JR.

JOHN I. THOMPSON & CO.
DEALERS IN
General Merchandise,
LEMONT CENTRE CO., PA.
v6n1-1y

S. G. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y.

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, has permanently located in Bellefonte, and may be found at all times at his office (and residence) in the "Turner Building," on Allegheny st., first door North of Wilson & Hicks' Hardware store. 7-13-tf

DR. E. I. KIRK.

H. H. MOTHERSBAUGH, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Calls promptly attended to day or night. Office at his drug store, in Beech Creek, Clinton county, Pa. Also dealer in pure drugs and medicines, fancy and toilet articles, etc. v7n41-1y*

GEO. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, has resumed the practice of Dentistry, and is now permanently located in Bellefonte, at his residence on the corner of High and Allegheny streets Having practiced 11 years, is prepared now to do work in the latest improved style. 8-23-1y

$55 to $77 a Week to agents. $10 Outfit FREE. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine. v6n1 8 55-1y.

Boots & Shoes.

NOW TO BUY

Goods Cheap

We have the largest stock of

Boots and Shoes

Ever offered to Centre County trade, and are bound to sell at prices

ASTONISHINGLY LOW!

WE OFFER NO

BUNCOMBE,

in the way of a schedule of prices, but we mean

ALL WE SAY!

Call and see if we do not.

JOHN POWERS,

No. 5 Bush's Arcade.

9 34 3m

WILLIAM NEWCOMER,

Boot and Shoe-Maker.

Repairing done on short notice. Also, agent for the celebrated Grover & Baker Lock Stitch Sewing Machines. Machines of all kinds repaired or exchanged.

☞ Humes' Block, next door to post-office. v6-n16-1y

MORDICA HOLABAUGH offers his services as a laborer. Is willing to work. Will do any kind of labor. 18-tf

$5 TO $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine 31o1f

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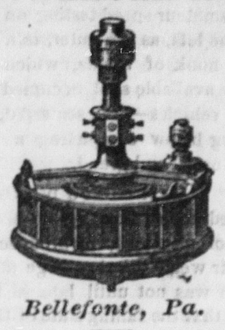
Foundries.

W. P. Duncan & Co,



Bellefonte, Pa.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

STEAM ENGINES,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

v5n46a812-1y

Carriages.

REMOVAL.

EDWARD A. BULLOCK & CO,

MILESBURG.

MANUFACTURERS OF

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES,

SPRING WAGONS, SLEIGHS,

AND LUMBER WAGONS

Having rebuilt our factory, lately burned in the great fire at Milesburg, we have removed from Bellefonte, and can now be found at our new place of business near

CENTRAL CITY MILLS.

Thankful to our friends for past favors we solicit a continuance of their patronage at our new establishment.

Repairing Neatly and Carefully Done,

and satisfaction guaranteed.

Our motto is, **As Cheap as the Cheapest and Good as the Best.**

7-23-1y

GO TO

J. R. BARTROFF

FOR FINE

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGONS, ETC.

Repairing promptly and neatly done at reasonable rates. 22-3m

E. Bishop St., Bellefonte, Pa.

Plumbing and Gas Fitting.

WILLIAM S. GALBRAITH,

PLUMBER,

GAS & STEAM FITTER.

We pay particular attention to heating buildings by steam. Copper smithing and re-bronzing old gas fixtures done nicely and expeditiously All our work warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

W. S. GALBRAITH,
Bellefonte, Pa.

7-1y

Dyeing.

DYEING!

Mrs. Susannah Shope,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

will receive Cloths and Dress Goods, and Articles of Clothing, and Dye them

Any Color to Suit the Owner.

SILK DYEING MADE A SPECIALTY.

Persons wishing dyeing will please send for samples. Residence near the Union Cemetery. 9 10 1y

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Watches.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C RICHARDS

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the new building lately erected by Blanchard & McCafferty, next door to the office of Alexander & Co., on High St. At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired upon shortest notice. v6n7-tf

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American and Foreign Patents.

GILMORE & CO., successors to CHAPMAN, HOSMER & Co., Solicitors. Patents procured in all countries, No fees in advance. No charge unless the patent is granted. No fees for making preliminary examinations. No additional fees for obtaining and conducting a rehearing. Special attention given to Interference Cases before the Patent Office, Extensions before Congress, Infringement suits in different states, and all litigation appertaining to Inventions or Patents. Send stamp to Gilmore & Co. for pamphlet of sixty pages.

Old Bounty Land Warrants.

The last Report of the Commissioner of the General Land Office shows 2,897,500 acres of Bounty Land Warrants outstanding. These were issued under act of 1855 and prior acts. Gilmore & Co. pay cash for them. Send by registered letter. Where assignments are imperfect we give instructions to perfect them.

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Contested land cases prosecuted before the United States General Land Office and Department of the Interior. Private land claims, mining and pre-emption claims and homestead cases attended to.

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Officers, soldiers, and sailors of the late war, or their heirs, are in many cases entitled to money from the government of which they have no knowledge. Write full history of service, and state amount of pay and bounty received. Enclose stamp to Gilmore & Co., and a full reply, after examination, will be given you free.

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All officers, soldiers, and sailors wounded, ruptured, or injured in the late war, however slightly, can obtain a pension by addressing Gilmore & Co.

Cases prosecuted by Gilmore & Co. before the Supreme Court of the United States, the Court of Claims, and the Southern Claims Commission.

Each department of our business is conducted in a separate bureau, under the charge of the same experienced parties employed by the old firm. Prompt attention to all business entrusted to Gilmore & Co. is thus secured. We desire to win success by deserving it.

Address Gilmore & Co.,
43-tf WASHINGTON, D. C.

Bakeries.

BREAD EATERS, ATTEN

Mr. Albert Kauth,

AT THE

Bishop St. Bakery,

is now making the VERY BEST

Bread, Cakes and Pies,

in Bellefonte. Mr. Kauth makes the very best BRETZELS in the county, and is able to supply all demands for that article.

Candies & Confections

of all kinds always on hand, together with Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Dates, Nuts, Jellies and everything good.

ICE CREAM!

An excellent ice cream saloon also attached to the bakery. Call and see me.

8-32-1y ALBERT KAUTH.

Oswego Starch.

KINGSFORD'S Oswego Starch

Is the BEST and MOST ECONOMICAL in the world.
Is perfectly PURE—free from acids and other foreign substances that injure linen.
Is STRONGER than any other—requiring much less quantity in using.
Is UNIFORM—stiffens and finishes work always the same. 20t1f

Kingsford's Oswego Corn Starch

Is the most delicious of all preparations for

PUDDINGS, BLANC-MANGE, CAKE, ETC

THOMAS H. RHOADS

is prepared to do

PAPER HANGING, PAINTING & GLAZING

at reasonable rates. Orders left at his residence on Lamb street, Bellefonte, Pa., will receive prompt attention. ☞ Satisfaction guaranteed. v8n12-1y

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SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-28-1y.

FOR SALE.—Seven acre lot with new house, stable, and other out-buildings thereon, located midway between Bellefonte and State College. Price $2,000. Inquire on premises or address at Bellefonte, Pa. 31-tf ANGELINE McBRIDE.

RUBBER GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, Belting, Packing, Hose, Boots, & Shoes, Clothing, etc. RICHARD LEVICKSON & CO., 704 Chestnut St., Phil. Agents National Rubber Co. 22-48-tf

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50 Visiting Cards with your Name finely printed and 3 Parlor Pictures (Fruit and Landscape), printed in 10 colors, each, the lot sent post-paid for 25 cents. Postage stamps taken as Money. KURTZ & BROTHER, S. E. cor. 5th & Chestnut sts. Philadelphia. 9-20-1y

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance

OUR TERMS
FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte, Pa., by

EDWARD T. TUTEN,

at the following rates:
One year in advance.....$2.00
If not paid for within 6 months.....$2.50
It not paid for until expiration of year $3.00
Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, unless otherwise agreed upon.
Papers will not be sent out of Centre county *unless paid for in advance.*
Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter or year.
Editorial Notices in our columns, 25 cts. per line for each insertion.
Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.
Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 5 lines this type, $8.00 per annum.
All Advertisements for a less term than three months, 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cts. a line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos	1 year.
Inch(12 lin'this type)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
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Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

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Job Work of every variety, such as Posters, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, Cards, Checks, Envelopes Paper-books, Programmes, Blanks, &c., &c., executed in the best style with promptness, and at the most reasonable rates.
Address all communications, relating to business, to EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor.
Bellefonte Pa

Republican State Ticket.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
JAMES P. STERRETT, of Allegheny Co.

FOR TREASURER,
W. B. HART, of Montgomery Co.

FOR AUDITOR-GENERAL,
J. A. M. PASSMORE, of Schuylkill Co.

Republican County Ticket.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
CLEMENT DALE.

Twenty-Sixth Annual Exhibition of the Centre County Agricultural Society.

LARGE ATTENDANCE, MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY, ENCOURAGING PROSPECTS.

Farmers, Mechanics, Manufacturers, Artisans, Politicans, Candidates, and all Classes of People Represented.

2,300 Exhibits, and Six Thousand People Present on Friday!

After an interval of discouragements, incident to the business depressions and the absorbing interest in the great Centennial exhibition, the twenty-sixth annual meeting of the Society was begun and concluded, even with seriously damaging drawbacks on Thursday, with most gratifying demonstrations and cheering results; affording, too, an outlook for future exhibitions, with the same judicious management, and with an evident lifting of the cloud which has hung so gloomily over all the industrial and monetary interests of the country, which must stimulate the farmer, and all classes interested in the success of the Society, to renewed energy and effort in its behalf. Old Centre has reason to be proud of the Exhibition of 1877, for, as compared with those of other associations throughout the State, it was pre-eminently successful. A gentleman who has attended the Reading, Juniata, Lewistown, and several fairs in New Jersey, informs us that, in the character of the aggregate display, especially in seeds, grains, vegetables, stock and poultry, ours' far surpassed any he had witnessed. There was, undoubtedly, some better stock—horses, cattle, etc.—but the large collection upon the grounds gave evidence of a spirit of improvement in this direction, either by the introduction of thoroughbreds, or by a judicious and healthy cross, which promises well for the future. Of this we shall more explicitly speak in another place—meanwhile proceed with a detailed account of Fair sights, of exhibits, races, surroundings, and incidents, which must necessarily be imperfect from the hasty manner in which our reporter's notes were taken.

THE TOUT ENSEMBLE UPON THE GROUNDS.

The natural beauty and attractions of the exhibition grounds are familiar to our home people, but there are features so peculiar that the stranger's interest must be immediately attracted. Shut out from view as they are approached, an entrance discloses to the visitor a picturesque and animated scene such as is rarely presented by any Fair grounds, and that, too, with an artistic and sudden effect similar to that of a stage curtain rising upon some magnificent tableau. The race track, judges' stand, and intermediate grass plat for the accommodation of agricultural implements, carriages, and the inevitable base ball games, is located in a basin, on either side of which rise symmetrical hills, forming as grand a natural amphitheater as the eye could wish to rest upon. Upon the western part of the enclosure, across a stream which affords an admirably convenient watering place for stock, are located the cattle stalls, pens, etc., conveniently arranged.

As we entered the grounds on Friday the scene presented was a beautiful one. On the green sward of the amphitheater, in front of the main building and the music stand, some six thousand people or more were seated, tier above tier, apparently in compact mass, yet with an abundance of room, in naturally-formed aisles, for promenade or exit, without the fear of annoying others by jostling or noise. Forming a striking background to this living tableau, were such numbers of horses and vehicles, of every description, as were never witnessed upon that spot before. From the still more elevated points without the enclosure were grouped many economical yet equally interested spectators—the Centre Hall band, meanwhile, dispensing sweet sounds of encouragement to the College and Bellefonte nines, vigorously engaged in friendly contest, and to the scores of horsemen, riders and drivers, engaged in pleasure and amateur speed-testing on the track. To the left, as we enter, is a steep and cosy nook of woods, which also had every available spot occupied by horses and vehicles—the scattered, moving throng below completing a picture at once novel and grand.

WEDNESDAY'S DOINGS.

Wednesday morning beamed smilingly upon us, and gave promise not only of fair weather but a large attendance, and it was not until late in the afternoon that the falling state of the barometer indicated a probable change, with its naturally disheartening effect. Before bed time the worst apprehensions were realized, and throughout the night, as well as nearly the whole of Thursday, the rain came down in dense and continued volumes—the additional fear being that it might be continued on Friday and Saturday. But before nightfall the clouds began to clear away, and inspired the confident hope that for the two days of the week to which the exhibition had been continued, the weather would be more propitious. Friday dawned in beautiful clearness, and the incoming crowds soon rendered the day's attendance an assured success.

The work of arranging the stock and other departments progressed as rapidly as possible, soon after which a walking race came off for $5 and $3 purses; a hurdle race by boys for a purse of $3; a sack race for $150; a wheelbarrow race for $5; and a velocipede race for a purse of $4.

THE STOCK.

Crossing the little bridge which spans the rippling stream, we find ourself among that which is the chief attraction to the farmer and breeder—horses, colts, bulls, cows and calves, jacks, mules, sheep and hogs—but not in the most convenient arrangement either for note taking or comparison. A single pen of hogs greeted us at the extreme right of this department; after leaving which we find a number of very fine thorough-bred Durham and Alderney bulls, cows and calves, with many of blooded cross, which gave evidence of the requisite qualities for milk, beef, and sale for exportation. A single jack and mule were the only representatives of the long-eared equine fraternity, and seemed more than ordinarily grum in their isolation. Of cattle we made an aggregate count of 50—some may have been taken away, and we may have been mistaken in our count. We may, perhaps, be pardoned here for a simple allusion to the advice given, in reference to stock-raising, to the farmers of Mifflin county by Col. Victor E. Piolett—that meat is needed as well as milk, and to ensure this as well as ready and profitable sale, something substantial upon the shambles is needed; and instead of giving attention to the fancy, slender Alderney—although they are good milkers—care should be taken to cross the most vigorous native stock with the Durham or Devon.

The collection of horses, stallions, mares and colts was a large and creditable one; yet there were no notably superior full-breds that we were able to discover in our necessarily hasty observation. In number we made these 98; and yet we may be inaccurate without reliable data.

GRANGERS' DEPARTMENT OF STOCK.

In the various pens of this department we found the principal attraction to be sheep,—bucks, ewes and lambs—of which there was a superior display, principally of Cotswolds and native crosses. We enumerate them as follows: Six thoroughbred Cotswold, including 2 bucks; 1 English Chevian buck—a very fine specimen, and a number of lambs crossed with the Chevian buck; 2 Cotswold; 6 lambs, sired by King Tom; 4 ewes under one year; 4 over one year; 10 Cotswold lambs; 1 do; 1 buck lamb under one year; 1 buck; 1 pair ewes three months' old; 4 ewes; 2 bucks; 1 pen of 5—buck and lambs; 2 Cotswold bucks; 1 buck. We aggregate these as we noted them in the several pens at 56.

In adjacent pens were very good Poland China boar and sow; 1 pen of 3 month shoats, very fine Chester White; 1 do. of 8; 5 do. under 6 months; 1 brood sow; 1 very large Chester White sow; 5 three month shoats; 2 mixed sows; 1 Chester White boar, young and superior.

POULTRY, ETC.

The collection of fowls was large and very fine, including coops as follows: One of Gold Pheasant; 1 do. White Leghorn; 1 do. Dominecs; 1 do. Peacocks; 1 do. Geese; 1 pair Rowan ducks; 1 coop Bantams; 1 do. Bantam hen and brood; 1 do. fancy Bantams; 1 do. Poland ducks; trio of Geese; 1 pair of splendid white turkeys; 1 do. pigeons; 1 do. doves; 1 do. white Leghorns; 1 pair very superior turkeys; 1 do. pigeons; 1 coop black Brahmas—good; trio buff Cochins; 1 pair squirrels; 1 pair rabbits; 1 pair turkeys; 1 pair turkeys; 1 coop light Brahmas, and a trio do. adjoining, which were superior specimens of this favorite fowl; 1 coop white Leghorns, pretty; and in two separate coops, trios of Plymouth Rock, in splendid plumage and vigorous growth—a hardy and superior fowl for this locality.

SEEDS, GRAIN, ETC.

In the building appropriated to grains, seeds and vegetables, the display was a large and very superior one; especially was there a creditable entry of grains and seeds, embracing a large number of bags of wheat of various varieties; also of rye, oats, clover and timothy seed; and, what is almost a stranger to the eastern fairs, a number of bushel samples of superior buckwheat in kernel. The corn exhibits were also very fine, both in ear and stalk, and several samples of wheat in sheaf.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES—THE GRANGERS.

The collection of vegetables was one of the very best we have seen—especially of potatoes, including choice varieties, the White Mercer, Early Rose and Peerless, all of which were of remarkable growth and size. The display of pumpkins and squashes was also large and superior; while beets, cabbages and mangel wertzels vied with each other in pressing the visitor with a due appreciation of their mammoth proportions. Drum Heads, Flat Dutch, and other varieties of cabbage were decidedly huge, while some mangel wertzels, raised and exhibited by Mr. William Shortlidge, in his town garden, almost surpassed themselves in prolific yield and size—the specimens exhibited weighing nineteen and twenty pounds. Of tomatoes there was not a large or very good selection; of carrots and parsnips there was rather a meagre exhibit, and comparatively few cymblins. We did not notice but few onions and no egg plants, the season being too late for the latter. A few samples of salsify were exhibited, which completes the vegetable list so far as our observation extended.

Upon the Grangers' table and stands there was, especially in consideration of the general scarcity of fruit this season, a splendid display of apples, pears and quinces, with a few varieties of very good grapes. We noticed some honey, walnuts, broom corn, and several other articles, but whether properly belonging to the Granger department we had no means of ascertaining. On the opposite side we observed specimens of home-made hard soap, horse-radish, sweet potatoes, celery and pop-corn.

There was here, too, a box of Concord seedling grapes, of delicious flavor and in size almost rivaling plums, from the Juniata vineyard of the Oberholtzer Brothers, near Mifflintown, Juniata county; also specimens of the Martha and Massassoit, with several bottles of native wine six years old. As affording to our farmers who have the natural hillside exposure for the successful cultivation of the grape, an idea of what may be done, we may state that the Messrs. Oberholtzers began their vineyards some twelve years ago with fifty plants, of the Concord. Now they have about twelve acres in cultivation, with over fifty varieties, nearly all of which they ship to Clearfield and Blair counties, and largely manufacture wines from their Clinton and other varieties, making it all decidedly profitable and rarely a failure in the yield.

In this building we found a case of soil seeds—150 specimens—exhibited by the Penn'a. State College; also some minerals; vitrified stone water pipe, from Huntingdon, Pa.; a sausage stuffer, a home-made lard press, a grain separator, eight stoves, exhibited by Hicks & Bro., embracing school, parlor, bed-room, office and cooking; two elegant buggies from the establishment of Mr. J. R. Bartruff, of Bellefonte—one a light open Dexter spring, and the other a side-spar buggy, with adjustable top; also a turbine water wheel, exhibited by Wm. P. Duncan & Co., of this place. The articles which escaped our attention at first were some samples of native marble in crude state.

MAIN BUILDING—AMONG THE FANCIES.

Our attention was next turned to what is usually termed the "fancy department"—the exhibits in which so attract and delight the ladies, but which are apt to confound the ideas of gentlemen with their almost innumerable and confused variety. For our own practical purposes, at least, we could have wished for a more definite classification and convenient arrangement; but the managers seemed to have ignored the popular idea that "a thing of beauty is a joy forever," and to have properly inventoried the restless spirit of sight-seeing which surfeits even of sweets—so we had to accept the situation and plod through the confused and almost endless array as best we could. Up one side and down the other we attempted to sketch the articles in something like intelligible order, but we are convinced we made a failure.

As we enter, F. Potts Green's neatly wreathed and handsomely decorated pavilion greeted us, with its pyramids of perfumery, oils, etc., cases of fancy and useful articles, and rendered doubly attractive by the half dozen globes of gold fishes, and canary cages. On the other side Loeb's exhibit of hosiery, underwear and woollen goods, attracted attention, while further up the left aisle he has a display of Brussels and ingrain carpets. Cruse and Otto came next, with a neatly arranged case of cigars and tobacco. John Powers makes a fine exhibit of boots and shoes. These, as well as other stands, attracting additional attention by Hartman's characteristic, comical, and business-like signs, which, if they do not point a moral, they at least adorn a tale. Bunnell & Aikens' sewing machines and organs come next, with several of the White sewing machines adjoining. Moore's patent invalid bedstead and model—a very ingeniously contrived and convenient article for the sick room, next arrests the eye; after which we come to the stands of bread, cakes, pies, butter, jellies, etc., with a rather unpalatable dessert of very good looking hard soap. A set of silver-mounted harness, at the west end of the Main Building is exhibited by W. C. Davis, of College township. Two lots of native woods, showing the annual growth, attract attention; and as we keep on our hurried inspection, as the movements indicate a removal of many of the articles, we catch sight of, in confused order, if the bull may be pardoned, quilts, counterpanes, spreads, blankets, home-made carpet, linen table-cloths, horse collars, whips and harness, crochet and needle-work, brackets, frames in great variety and number; some very fine specimens; hearth-rugs, model bird cage, model bridge, ladies' coats and sacques, enlarged crayon portraits and pictures—the artistic work of Mr. T. Nolan, of this place; sewing stand, pin cushions, worsted and embroidered shoes and slippers, landscape views and crayon sketches, pillow shams, tidies, comforts, hair work in wreaths and flowers, home-made gloves and mittens, lamp-mats, pen-wipers, and other little things of worth and beauty, which it would require the space of a good-sized pamphlet to enumerate.

Among the endless variety of exhibits here we found a beautifully designed moss cottage, with characteristic rural surroundings—the handiwork and taste of Miss Effie M. Tuten; imitation coral; an assortment of minerals, walrus tusks and coral; 1 bunch sp. v. chocolate; fancy jars, in imitation of Chinese and Japanese; cabinet specimens of gold and silver ores from California, Montana, and Utah, collected by A.V. Miller; some samples of native wines, manufactured and exhibited by Daniel Grove, of Benner township; case of goods, stationery, jewelry, mottoes, etc., from James Welch, next door to Post-office., and all these dove-tailed between flowers, plants, preserved and canned fruits and jellies, peppers, pickles and vinegar, with traveling bags, valises, Montgomery's collection of clothing from Brockerhoff Row, etc., without number.

The display of plants and flowers was large and good—especially that made in the Grange department — embracing many beautiful dahlias, and other tubous varieties, house plants, foschias, etc.

OLD BIBLES.

Four old German Bibles on exhibition attracted interesting inspection. The oldest one is owned by Mr. Wm. S. Wolf, of this place. Although some vandal hand torn off the imprint and date, we elsewhere ascertained that its publication was begun in 1522, and completed in 1534. Three others were exhibited by Mrs. Rhone, of Potter township, and were respectively printed in 1726, 1735, and 1739, in the Duchy of Berlenberg. The place where the other was published we could not ascertain.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Next we come to the agricultural implements, of which we should have liked to had on exhibition a larger number and greater variety. Near the entrance gate we found a Clinton Grain Separator, by Jacob Shilling, patentee, Cedar Spring, Clinton county, and another for which a patent has been applied—exhibitor's name not given. A land roller, Bergstressers corn planter, and a patent chilled plow, were also in this section. On the elevation to the right of the main building were stationed Stevenson & Cooper's Rotary Harrow—a machine which we should judge to be admirably adapted to the work for which it is designed. It is exhibited by Mr. F. D. McCollum, proprietor of the Bush House, who designs the general manufacture of them to order, if a thorough trial satisfies farmers and himself of their practical advantage.

THE CHAMPION MACHINES.

There were on exhibition, from the extensive Springfield manufactory, the

Continued on Eighth Page.

——The following is a list of jurors, together with the causes, for the October term of court, commencing on the 15th inst:

Philipsburg—D Avers, M Gowland.
Bellefonte—J V Thomas, D Derr, J A Mallory, F Mann.
Huston—J Brown.
Boggs—E Confer, R P Poorman, W Robinson, J Teller.
Spring—S Lyons, P Tate, J H Barnhart.
Snow Shoe—I S Gunsallis.
Potter—Wm. Boal.
Walker—H Brown, A Vonada, John Teats.
Unionville—S Brugger, G Alexander.
Patton—A Zellers, I Gray, D S Meek.
Liberty—J Wensel.
Harris—J T Ross.
Marion—D Harter.
Rush—C Coyle.
Burnside—E Zimmerman, J H Holt.
Haines—F Lambert.
Gregg—D Runkle.
Penn—W F Smith.
Half Moon—T Gray.
Union—J G Hall, D Spotts.

TRAVERSE JURORS—4th Monday October:

Potter—L Rhone, Aaron Spangler, Jas Alexander.
Worth—A Shellenberger, S S Miles, J Ardry, P Williams.
Walker—H Beck, Sr., Jacob Reber.
Boggs—D Poorman, J Shultz, H Heaton.
Half Moon—G Crazier. H G Elder.
Miles—Jonath Kreamer.
Spring—W n Kaup.
Bellefonte—G W Downing, A Snyder, H H Kline, A Brockerhoff.
Benner—Geo Hastings, H Hoy, H Fishburn, M Mease.
Ferguson—G D Donnelly.
Gregg—G Goodhart.
Snow Shoe—G Fravel, A Campbell.
Harris—B F Brown, E Reish.
College—J H Mitchell.
Marion—John Hoy.
Rush—J W Collins.
Liberty—John Nestlerode.
Haines—Samuel Burrell.

Trial list for first week October term, commencing third Monday (15th) of October.

James Lucas vs John Bechwith et al.
E L Wian vs M Marx.
Pack & Packer vs Mann & Conter.
Harper Bros vs J V Thomas & Co.
Jos F Williams vs Hugh Adams.
" "
R F Rankin & Co. vs Jas H Rankin.
J G L Meyer vs G W Hoover & Co.
K L Blood vs Samuel Brumgart.
" John Wolf.
W J Meek vs D C Meek.
Jona Wolf vs L F Albright.
Wm H Everett vs Jona Wolf.
C T Alexander vs Geo Foust.
John W Sholl vs L F Albright.
Wm Fulton vs Jno Divins.
David Betts use of vs J A Beightol.
Michael Carney vs E Perks & Co.
Jesse Stewart vs Hughes & Tate.
Edgar Reed vs E Perks & Co.
A M Logan vs John Bordrow.
Ira C Johnston vs Henry Gross.
Nancy Eberts vs Penn'a R R Co.
James Eberts vs "
I J Geary vs Thomas Taylor et al.

Trial list for second week of October term, commencing the fourth Monday (22d) of Oct.

J Z Long vs H Merriman et al.
E V Marsh vs W W Spangler.
Wm Campbell & Sons vs E McCormick et al.
S Silknitter vs J C Hoover.
Jas Gates vs "
J H Thomas use of vs Jos Shirk.
J A Cryder vs H W Hoover.
S S Wolf's Adm'x vs H F Kinsloe.
Jno D Lieb vs Wm Meyers.
E J Deshler vs W E Gann.
E R Fargo vs Jno Klein.
Jos Strauss vs R Hayes.
Lock Haven National Bank use of vs J A Quigley & Co.
Jno H Loneberger vs J Keller Miller.
Jas Gates use of vs C H Kephart.
David Moyer vs Edward Brown.
John Hoy vs Wm Holt et al.
Geo W Stephenson vs N D Atwood.
J Zimmerman & Co vs Albert Owen, Owen & Co.
Owen Hancock vs McGirk & Perks, with clause.
Com of Penn'a vs M J Dolan et al.
" Dolly Swires et al.
Adam Kreps vs J G & M Packer.
J K Henderson vs J H McMonigal et al.
Henry Hoffman vs Lyon & Co.

——Families in the town or neighborhood in need of first class groceries or other supplies, will do well to bear in mind that the place to secure a good article at cheap prices, is Sechler & Co.'s, in the Bush House block, opposite the REPUBLICAN office.

HOW IT IS DONE.—The first object in life with the American people is to "get rich;" the second, how to regain good health. The first can be obtained by energy, honesty and saving; the second, (good health) by using GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER. Should you be a despondent sufferer from any of the effects of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Indigestion, &c., such as Sick Headache, Palpitation of the Heart, Sour Stomach, Habitual Costiveness, Dizziness of the Head, Nervous Prostration, Low Spirits, &c., you need not suffer another day. Two doses of AUGUST FLOWER will relieve you at once. Sample Bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. Positively sold by all first-class Druggists in the U. S. 36-cow-tf

A GIFT—For every reader of this paper. "Idle Hours" is a large, 16 page illustrated family story paper, filled with charming stories, sketches, and interesting articles by some of the best writers. A prominent feature will be humorous selections from the "Free Press," "Hawkeye," "Danbury News," etc. In short, "Idle Hours" will furnish a great amount of choice reading at the low price of $1.50 a year, making it the cheapest weekly story paper in this country. One of Dr. Warner's celebrated health corsets given to every subscriber. By an arrangement with the publisher the first number of this popular weekly will be sent free to every reader of the REPUBLICAN. Send your address at once on a postal card or otherwise to M. T. Richardson, Publisher, 397 Broadway, New York. 9-39-6t

Dr. Van Dyke's Sulphur Soap.
Makes the SKIN Soft, Clear, Pure, White and Healthy! is cleansing, deoderising, disinfecting, soothing, healing and purifying; removes dandruff, chafing, ulcers, sores, eruptions, roughness and redness of the Skin; relieves itching, burning and stinging of the skin, and irritation of biting and stinging insects; will relieve Itching Piles where nothing else will have any effect; is free from all OFFENSIVE ODOR, and prevents Contagious Diseases, and as an external medical and toilet preparation it has no equal. Price 25 cts., by mail 35; Box, 3 cakes, 60cts, by mail 75. Sold by druggists. E. S. WEBSTER, proprietor. Office, 50 N. 5th St., Philadelphia, Pa. Wholesale Depot N. Third st., Phila., Pa. 9 28 cow1y

"HOW I WISH that my Skin was as white and soft as yours," said a lady the other day to a female friend. "You can easily make it so," said the lady addressed. "How!" inquired the first speaker. USE GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP. Sold by all Druggists.

Hill's Hair & Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50 cts. 37-4w

Dry Goods.

WE WISH TO IMPRESS
WE WISH TO IMPRESS
WE WISH TO IMPRESS
WE WISH TO IMPRESS
ON EVERYBODY'S MIND
ON EVERYBODY'S MIND
ON EVERYBODY'S MIND
ON EVERYBODY'S MIND
THAT ALL OUR PRICES
THAT ALL OUR PRICES
THAT ALL OUR PRICES
THAT ALL OUR PRICES
SUIT THE TIMES
SUIT THE TIMES
SUIT THE TIMES
SUIT THE TIMES

WE HAVE Carpets at 20 cents WE HAVE
WE HAVE Carpets at 25 cents WE HAVE
WE HAVE Carpets at 30 cents WE HAVE
WE HAVE Carpets at 35 cents WE HAVE
WE HAVE Tapestry Brussels at $1 WE HAVE
WE HAVE Tapestry Brussels at $1 WE HAVE

RAG CARPETS
RAG CARPETS
RAG CARPETS
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HEMP CARPETS
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PILLOW CASINGS
PILLOW CASINGS
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PILLOW CASINGS
LADIES DOLMANS
LADIES' DOLMANS
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LADIES' DOLMANS

WE HAVE Dolmans at $2 50 WE HAVE
WE HAVE Dolmans at $3 00 WE HAVE
WE HAVE Dolmans at $3 50 WE HAVE

LADIES' TRIMMED HATS
LADIES' TRIMMED HATS
LADIES' TRIMMED HATS
LADIES' TRIMMED HATS
IN THE LATEST STYLES
IN THE LATEST STYLES
IN THE LATEST STYLES
IN THE LATEST STYLES

We Have Dress Goods at 8 cts We Have
We Have Dress Goods at 10 cts We Have
We Have Dress Goods at 12½ cts We Have
We Have Ladies' Shoes at $1.00 We Have
We Have Ladies' Shoes at $1.25 We Have
We Have Ladies' Bal'n shoes at $1.50 We Have
We Have Men's Plow shoes at $1.25 We Have

In fact, our entire stock which has just been received at prices that will well afford comparison with any others.

S. & A. LOEB.

HARDWARE AND STOVES! HARDWARE AND STOVES!

THOMAS A. HICKS & BRO.

We have a very large and complete stock of Hardware, the largest that was ever before offered by any firm to the people of this county, and are selling at the very lowest possible rates

IRON, STEEL AND NAILS, LOCKS, GLASS AND PUTTY,

Pure White Leads and Linseed Oil; Turpentines and Varnishes, all which we warrant to give satisfaction. Our Pure Lead will cover as much surface as any in the market and cannot be excelled for whiteness. **READY MIXED PAINT** put up in any quantity to suit people, from one-pound cans to one gallon cans, all ready for use. These paints we warrant to be mixed with pure lead and oil, and are free from all adulteration.

MECHANICS' TOOLS.—We pay special attention to this branch, and keep a full line of Saws, Chisels, Hammers, and Bailey's Iron Planes; **Horse Nails of all kinds,** Trace Chains, Hames, Etc. FULL LINE OF SADDLERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. COACH WOOD WORK—Spokes, Felloes, Patent Wheels of the most improved patents; Mrs. Potts' Improved Flat Irons, cheap, convenient and durable—polished or nickel-plated. Johnston's Prepared Kalsomine; put up in 6-pound packages; easily put on, and cheaper than paper. We have all colors.

STOVES.

We have the only Reversible, Top-plate Cooking Stoves in the market. The Keystone, Susquehanna and Juniata, which we warrant to be the best Bakers and the heaviest stoves in the market, we will sell at the very lowest price and give written guarantees. Also all kinds of Ranges and other Stoves. COME AND SEE OUR KEYSTONE COOK STOVE; IT IS THE HANDSOMST IN THE WORLD.

List of Patents issued to Inventors of Pennsylvania, excepting Phila., for the week ending Oct. 9, 1877, and each dated Sept 18, 1877. Furnished this paper by Cox & Cox, Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C.

L De Lario, Spike-Pointing Machine, Allentown
W Hague. Fire Iron Stand, Pittsburg
S Lloyd, Valve, Conshohocken
J Beasonson, Cleaning Plush and Cloth, Titusville
F Farnham. Glove Fastenings. Hanley
W Harrison, Engine Valve, Newcastle
D Major. Nut Lock, Huntingdon
J Nober, Hone. Parker City
J Pim, Organ Reed, Erie
J Shaw, Sucker, Rod Joint, Oil City

New Advertisements.

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.—By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Orphan's Court of Centre County, the undersigned administrator of &c. of Margaret Sharer, late of Half Moon township dec'd, will offer at public sale on

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1877

at Loveville, in Half Moon township, the following described tracts of land, situated in Half Moon and Taylor townships, Centre county.

No 1. A tract of unseated land situated in Half Moon township, Centre county, bounded on the north east by land of Catharine Sharer, South East by lands of B Buck, on South west by lands belonging to estate of H. Wait, decd. and on the North-west by lands of A. Stevens dec'd, containing forty acres, more or less.

No 2 Beginning at a post on line of lot No 9, thence by lot No 10 North 40 deg, West 103¾ perches to Ches't oak—gone now. Stones in old road. Thence by land of Daniel Beck, South 50 deg., West 100 perches to stones corner of Daniel Beck lands, thence by lands of Ridgeway & Budd, south 40 deg, east 100 perches along land last named and lot No 12 to stones, thence by lot No 9, aforesaid North 52 deg. East 100 perches to place of beginning containing 63 acres and 89 perches.

No 3. Beginning at Stones corner of Ridge lands of Daniel Beck, thence by same, North 44 deg east 95¾ perches to a post and stone. Thence by lot No. 13, North 40, West 128 perches to Stones; thence by land of Ridgeway and Budd, South 50, West 95 perches to Stones; thence by lot No. 15, South 40, east 11 perches to place of beginning, containing 67 acres and 67 perches. The above described tracts are known as tracts or lots Nos. 4, 11 and 14, on draft of lands C. Van Pool's estate. They are well timbered, unimproved lands. Sale will commence at 1 o'clock P. M. of said day.

Terms of sale.—One half of purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale and the residue in one year with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage upon the premises.

B. BUCK,
40-4t Administrator.

500 sold! Agents making $30 to $50 a week!
MORE AGENTS WANTED FOR THE
CROSS AND THE CRESCENT!

The thrilling history of RUSS and TURK for 300 years. A wild story of BLOODSHED and FANATICISM, the strife for power and creed. By the popular historian L. P. Brackett. Describes their peculiar Religious, Social, and Political customs; their Rulers and Generals, causes of this war, weighty interests at stake, etc. 600 pp. Rich Illust. Only $2.50.

OUR BIBLES have 2,000 illustrations, and far excel all others in quality and quick sale. Prices just reduced 25 per cent.!! Send for full particulars. HUBBARD BROS., Pubs.,
40-4w. Philadelphia, Pa.

$60. Per month will be paid to a good, energetic man in each county to introduce Dr. EGLE'S
New Illustrated History of Pa.
Write immediately and state experience in this business, and age. Address
D. C. GOODRICH, Publisher,
Harrisburg, Pa.
Don't fail to say what paper you saw this in
40-13t.

AGENTS WANTED.
FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS
WILSON SEWING MACHINE Co.
829 Broadway, New York City;
Chicago, Ill.; New Orleans, La.;
40-4w or San Francisco, Cal.

Duff's College!
The oldest and best appointed Institution for obtaining a Business Education.
For circulars address,
P. DUFF & SONS,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
39-4w

MOTHER'S REMEDY. For Burns and Scalds, Bites of Insects, Poison by Ivy, Frozen Limbs and Parts, Discharging Sores, Milk leg, sore and weak eyes, Boils, Carbuncles, Felons and Styes. Sore Nipples, Broken Breasts, Erysipelas, Acute Pains, Headache, Earache, Toothache, Blind and Bleeding Piles, Bleeding of the Lungs, Uterine Hemorrhage and inflammations and Ulcerations peculiar to females is Sanford's Extract of Witch Hazel. Ask for it, because it is better, stronger, and cheaper than any other, and is warranted by Weeks & Potter, Wholesale Druggists, 360 Washington St., Boston, Mass. 38 4t

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA SS.—At Bellefonte, the 13th day of September, A. D., 1877. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Samuel Baum, of Bellefonte, in the county of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, in this said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on creditor's petition, by the district court of said district. ADAM HOY,
Assignee, &c.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre county to hear and pass upon the exceptions filed to the account of Albert Owen, administrator, etc. of Richard Atherton, deceased, will meet the parties interested for the purpose of his appointment at his office, in the borough of Bellefonte, on Tuesday, Oct. 30, A. D. 1877, at 1 o'clock P. M.
9-40-3t JOHN G. LOVE, Auditor.

APPEALS ON UNSEATED LANDS.—The County Commissioners will meet in their office in the Court House, on the 30th and 31st days of October, to hear appeals on unseated lands, when all interested may attend if they see proper. By order of the Board.
40-3t. HENRY BECK, Clerk.

BEATTY PIANO, ORGAN, best Look! Starting! Organs, 12 stops $55. Pianos only $150. Cost $650. Circulars. Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J. 40-4w

Election Proclamation.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.
GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

I, L. W. MUNSON, High Sheriff of the county of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said county of Centre on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1877,

it being the Tuesday following the first Monday of November, (*the polls to be opened at seven o'clock a. m. and closed at seven o'clock p. m.*) at which time the Freemen of Centre county will vote by ballot for following officers, namely:

One person for Supreme Judge of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for State Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for District Attorney for the county of Centre.

I also hereby make known and give notice that places of holding the aforesaid election in the several boroughs and townships within the county of Centre, are as follows, to-wit:

For the township of Haines, at the public house of John Limbert, (Aaronsburg.)

For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Storm-town.

For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for the purpose, on the property of Leonard Meryman.

For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Potter, (northern precinct) at the public school house at Centre Hall.

For the township of Potter (southern precinct) at the public school house at Potter Mills.

For the township of Gregg, at the public house owned by J. R. Fisher, Penn Hall.

For the township of College, in the school house at Lemont.

For the township of Ferguson (old precinct), in the school house at Pine Grove.

For the township of Ferguson (new precinct), in the school house at Baileyville.

For the township of Harris, in the school house at Boalsburg.

For the township of Patton, at the house of Peter Murray.

For the borough of Bellefonte, and the townships of Spring and Benner, at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Walker, in the school house at Hublersburg.

For the borough and township of Howard, at the school house in said borough.

For the township of Rush, at the Cold Stream school house.

For the township of Snow Shoe, at the school house at Snow Shoe station.

For the township of Marion, at the house of Joel Kline, in Jacksonville.

For the borough of Milesburg, at the school house in Milesburg.

For the township of Boggs, at the new school house at Central City.

For the township of Huston, at the house of John Reed.

For the township of Penn, at the public house of Wm. S. Musser.

For the township of Liberty, in the school house at Eagleville.

For the township of Worth, at the school house at Fort Matilda.

For the township of Burnside, at the house of K. Boak.

For the township of Curtin, at the school house near Robert Mann's.

For the borough of Unionville and the township of Union, at the new school house in Unionville.

For the borough of Philipsburg, at the new school house in said borough.

NOTICE is also hereby given, "That every person, excepting the justices of the peace, who shall hold any office, appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer, or otherwise, subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative executive or judiciary department of this State or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment or judge inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth; and that no inspector, judge, or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

Given under my hand and seal, at my office in Bellefonte, this 2nd day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, and in the one hundred and first year of the Independence of the United States.

L. W. MUNSON,
9-39- Sheriff of Centre County.

Teas.

WELCH'S TEA!

The Tea-Pot Tea!

This Beautiful Tea
Is valued by me,
For I think it superior,
With nothing interior.
It serves me,
Preserves me,
And never unnerves me.
When winking
And blinking,
Or sinking
Or thinking,
This tea is worth drinking,
Without any shrinking;
For it clears me
And cheers me,
It lightens,
It brightens,
It heightens,
And bracingly tightens.
It satisfies
And gratifies,
And sinking health it ratifies,
And often beautifies.
It seizes
Diseases,
And eases
And pleases,
And calmly appeases.
It steeps well,
And keeps well,
Dispels well,
And draws well
And tells well,
And that's how it sells well.
It savors
Of flavors,
Which all view as favors.
It regales,
It prevails
And strongly assails,
When anything ails.
All invalids bless it,
And almost caress it,
And Doctors confess it,
Having heard them express it
It strengthens
And lengthens.
When the frame's a taking
With aching,
With shaking,
And quaking,
You've a cure of its making
This Tea you will find
Is perfectly kind,
To body and mind,
Its virtues to me
Have ne'er failed to be
Of the highest degree.
And therefore you see
What is my opinion of Welch's Tea!

New Advertisements.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF UNSEATED lands. In pursuance of an act of Assembly passed the 20th day of March, A. D. 1824, the Commissioners of Centre county will sell at public sale, at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte, on Thursday, the 1st day of November, A. D. 1877, the following described tracts and parts of tracts of unseated lands purchased by the county at Treasurer's sale, and which have remained unredeemed for the space of five years and upwards:

WARRANTEES.	ACRES.	PERCHES.	TWP
Andrew Kuhns	114	00	Boggs
Valentine Meyers	415	00	Curtin
Richard Wain	415	00	"
Richard Tunice	½ of 415	00	"
John Meyers	294	31	"
Christian Rohrer	140	00	"
Joseph Kelso	100	00	"
Jesse Brooks	415	00	"
Samuel Baird	376	00	"
Martha Godfrey	294	31	"
Isaac Buckley	50	00	Ferguson
Josiah Lusby	50	00	"
Richard Mosley	50	00	"
Henry Manley	50	00	"
Unknown	150	00	"
"	271	00	"
"	100	00	"
"	233	65	"
"	100	00	"
"	113	00	"
Richard Parker	400	00	Harris
Wm. Harrison	400	00	"
John Irvin	100	00	"
Unknown	150	00	Haines
"	125	00	"
"	150	00	"
Wm Lowrie	106	22	"
J Henry	315	00	Huston
—— Seely	270	00	"
Adam Kuhnes	63	00	"
Wm Chancellor	200	11	"
C Josephson	282	00	"
—— Moore	231	00	"
R Mulholland	100	00	"
Jacob Gretz	236	00	"
Andrew Kuhnes	131	00	"
Henry Phillips	433	00	Halfmoon
Ira Fisher	58	12	"
Robert Shaw	226	77	"
Wm Scott	298	32	Liberty
Sarah Wilson	60	00	"
Thomas King	30	00	"
Peter Swartz	30	00	"
Mathew Loech	400	00	"
R & J Hayes	200	00	"
Hugh Shaw	40	00	"
"	50	00	"
Christ Nestleroad	¼ of 200	00	"
Margaret Bradford	310	00	"
—— Longbottom	40	00	"
Hugh Shaw	80	00	"
M'Coy & Linn	400	00	Marion
Unknown	200	00	"
"	147	00	"
Paul Zantzinger	¼ of 199	00	"
J McKinney	430	00	"
Unknown	125	00	Patton
Wm P Bady	....		"
Charles Lucas	434	00	Rush
Davis Old	50	00	"
Hardman Phillips	3	100	"
Adam Rerghert, Jr	433	153	"
Robert King	50	00	"
Rudolph Kelker	393	168	"
Hugh McIntyre	270	00	"
Hugh Patton	323	00	"
Samuel Harris	50	00	"
White & Parron	250	00	"
James Allison	164	10	"
Thomas Grant	70	00	"
Robert King	100	153	"
John Hoover	150	00	"
James Harrison	75	00	"
Robert King	13	12	"
Hugh Hamilton	433	153	"
Christian Huber	30	00	"
John Lee	433	153	"
Thomas Grant	¼ of 434	00	"
Robert Miller	433	153	"
Richard Malone	433	153	"
John McConing	313	173	Spring
Unknown	75	00	"
John Beck	100	00	Taylor
Jacob Beck	80	00	"
John Schenck	434	00	"
Dan'l Beck	80	00	"
George Covher	100	00	"
W. F. Lyon & Co	176	00	"
Ann Arthers	200	00	"
John Copenhaver	100	00	"
James Walk	20	00	"
George Mong	100	00	"
William Bourg	180	92	"
Samuel Downing	301	00	"
Thomas Arthurs	408	00	"
W. D. Kuhnes	15	00	Union
"	10	00	"
Joseph Miller	70	00	"
John Dunwoody	150	00	"
W D Kuhnes	25	00	"
John Copp	180	00	"
Samuel Philips	100	00	"
John Irvin	85	00	"
Boyce Davis	17	00	"
Wm Kuhns	40	00	"
Samuel Hayes	80	00	"
"	50	00	"
Charles Wilson	364	00	"
Mary Kerrigan	50	00	Walker
"	105	25	"
B. Russ & Co	56	00	"
John Baker	40	00	"
Margaret Daugherty	94	39	"
Wm Ackert	111	00	"
Capt Osman	200	00	"
Margaret Daugherty	111	42	"
Jane Miller	433	00	Worth
James Hawthorn	433	153	"

J. N. HALL,
ANDREW GREGG, } *Commissioners.*
H. A. MINGLE,
HENRY BECK, *Clerk.* 9 38 4t

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.—Pursuant to an order of the Orphan's Court of Centre county, the undersigned will expose to sale by public outcry on the premises, on Saturday, October 13, 1877, at two o'clock P. M., the following described real estate, late of James Pheasant, deceased, to wit: A tract of land situate in Howard township, Centre county, adjoining lands of Christian Bowers, James Antes, James Turner and others, containing about twelve and one-half acres, or thereabouts, about eight acres cleared up and in good state of cultivation, balance covered with good sapling timber. Thereon erected a dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings; good orchard and two good springs.

Terms—One half in cash upon confirmation of the sale, and balance in one year thereafter, with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. A rare opportunity is offered of securing a valuable property upon easy terms. J. K. LEATHERS,
Administrator to estate of James Pheasant, deceased. 37-4t
MOUNTAIN EAGLE, Pa., Sept. 13, 1877.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration, *de bonis non*, on the estate of George E. Wasson, late of College township, deceased, having been duly granted by the Register of Centre County to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to the said decedent will come forward and make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate will present the same duly authenticated for settlement to
39-6t* MARY WASSON,
P. O. Lemont, Pa. Administratrix.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of George W. Thomas by the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania. S. A. BREW,
Bellefonte, Pa. Assignee.
39-3t

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.—Pursuant to an order of the Orphan's Court of Centre county, the undersigned will expose to sale by public outcry on the premises, on Saturday, October 13, 1877, at two o'clock P. M., the following described real estate, late of James Pheasant, deceased, to wit: A tract of land situate in Howard township, Centre county, adjoining lands of Christian Bowers, James Antes, James Turner and others, containing about twelve and one-half acres, or thereabouts, about eight acres cleared up and in good state of cultivation, balance covered with good sapling timber. Thereon erected a dwelling house, stable and other outbuildings; good orchard and two good springs.

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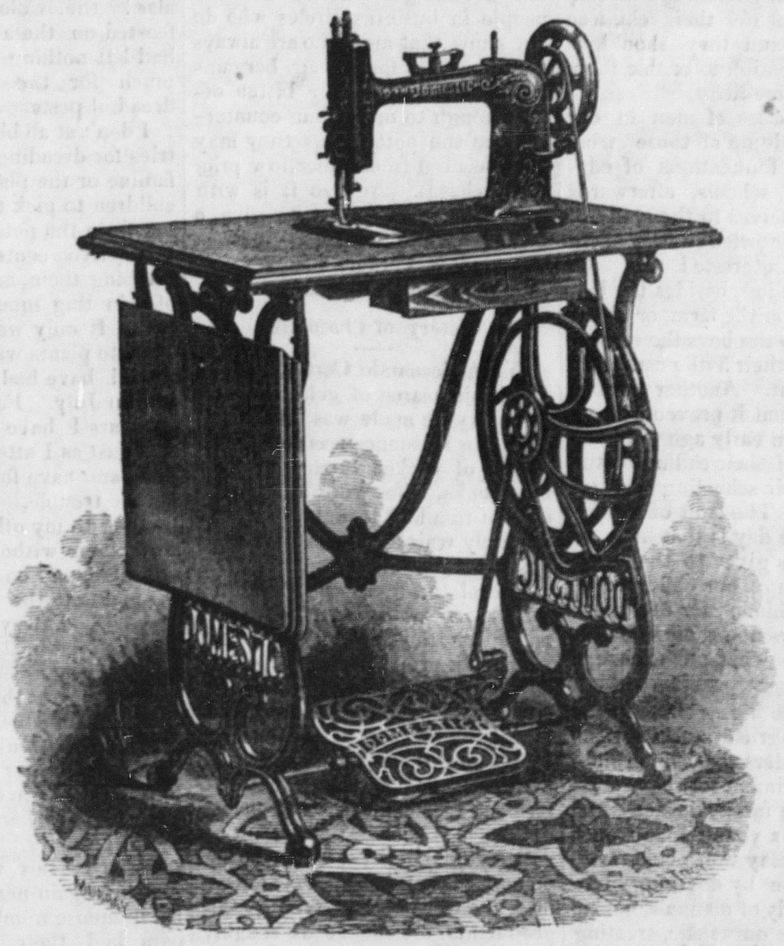

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Farm, Garden & Household.

The Proper Age to Leave School for the Farm.

In California the farmers have thought this a matter of such importance that a leading Grange appointed a committee to report on the subject. The report was quite lengthy and interesting, and takes the ground that, as a rule, children in California leave school much too young. Without knowing what the age is at which they usually leave school there, or what the result is, it is safe to say, that very many children stay too long at school. The parents must of course be the judge of what is most beneficial to their children. There are cases where the substantial progress in any desired branch is such as to warrant the keeping of the child at school a longer time than usual. But for trades or farming, the schools of the day are of no particular benefit after the child has been well started and is master of the common branches of education. The parents can readily name the probable station in life their children will occupy; and they should be given an education to enable them to fill it with credit.

The best class of men in our midst is made up of those who, receiving the foundations of education in the schools, afterwards applied themselves to the study of branches of knowledge they were particularly interested in. A lengthy schooling, besides the loss of their help on the farm or in the shop, gives to the boys the erroneous idea that their living can easily be made by it. Another serious drawback is that it prevents them receiving at an early age the practical lessons of their calling, without which their schooling is worse than useless. The fault of the education of the day is that little or no attention is given to the practical education of our children. So important is this matter of experience to farmers and their sons that we give here what an exchange says about it:

"There is no higher function or duty that an agricultural paper can render its readers than to prompt them to experiment for themselves on their own farms, gardens, and orchards. If a young man would learn how to play the piano-forte, it would not be by devoting himself to the study of manuals, books, and periodicals on music, treating of the methods of instruction, but by putting his fingers upon the keys of the instrument and practicing daily. So if he would learn how to farm it must be by working on a farm. If he would learn how to raise corn it must be by growing corn. Teaching and reading alone can no more make good farmers than good musicians. With practice, books, periodicals, and papers become great and important, ay, indispensible aids to him who would make rapid and intelligible advancement in either art. It is practice, with science, that makes the ready and successful farmer."

An education sufficient to enable your son to understandingly pursue his studies if he wishes to has been found to be enough by many. The chances are that such a course would produce a more useful citizen and better man than the giving of more years to the acquirement of a higher education.

Thoughts From a Farm.

LET THE FARM REMAIN UNKNOWN FOR THE PRESENT AND THE WRITER REMAIN INCOGNITO.

Looking back to the farm laborers in days of yore, when changing about was equally avoided by master and man, it puzzles the mind to think what motive any employer can have in these days for preferring transient to permanent labor. Yet this preference generally exists in the United States, and not only do some of the would-be leaders in agricultural matters boast of keeping their men ignorant of their next job and their movements for the morrow, but they are foolish enough to believe that a general feeling of uncertainty as to a continuance of employment is good policy. The writer, however, thinks such a course extremely unwise, for it necessitates the eye of the master on every motion of his men, as this insecurity makes them careless and not only do they feel indifferent about the well-being of the employer's property, but some dispositions will allow the dislike of such treatment to draw them on to utterly hate such a master.

Again, many a conceited agricultural manager, priding himself on his talent in this respect, will suffer the loss of valuable animals and injury to other property which, if all things were known, would be found to be the result of his employes' detestation for the low estimation in which they are held. He things or knows he is right in his conviction that all these pretended fine managers of men had best upright and straightforward in every respect, and instead of beating down the wages, give their employes a little over the current rate. By this means they will retain all the best men, and at the same time cause these to feel conscious of being in good hands, and desirious to do a good day's work for the man who is fair and liberal with them. Stingy men invariably defeat their own ends, and those who are led by such examples, will forever regret allowing themselves to be so influenced as to act in such an illiberate manner.

Depend upon it, that mankind, however ignorant, are able to see through any man's objects in mystery, deception, &c., and therefore it is nonsense and weakness to act otherwise than in a perfectly natural way, and so openly and honestly that there can be no suspicion of your wishing to take an unfair advantage. There are few people in business circles who do not know that men who are always searching out for cheap bargains are sure to get awfully bitten often enough to more than counterbalance the petty gains they may have secured from other low priced purchases. And so it is with labor. It is far better to give a good price and secure the best.—[Rural New Yorker.

History of Chocolate.

When Fernando Cortez went to Mexico in search of gold, the first discovery he made was chocolate. This new substance was considered a sort of wicked luxury, at least for monks, who were among the earliest to adopt it, but who were solemnly warned against its supposed peculiar effects.

Chocolate (or, as the Mexicans call it, *chocolait*) is the popular name for the seeds of the cocoa plant, in a prepared state, generally with sugar and cinnamon. The Mexicans improve the flavor of the inferior sort of cocoa seeds by burying them in the earth for a month, and allowing them to ferment. The nutritious quality of either cocoa or chocolate is entirely owing to the oil or butter of cocoa which it contains. Cocoa-nibs, the best form of taking this production, are the seeds roughly crushed. When the seed is crushed between rollers, the result is flake cocoa. Common cocoa is the seed reduced to a paste and pressed into cakes. The cheap kinds of chocolate are said to be largely adulterated with lard and sago and red lead—a pernicious mixture for healthy stomachs; but what must it be for weak stomachs craving for food at once nutritious and easy of digestion? The "patent" chocolates are nothing more than various modes of preparing the cocoa seeds.

The ladies of Mexico are so excessively fond of chocolate that they not only take it several times during the day, but they occasionally have it brought to them in church, and during the service. A cup of good chocolate may, indeed, afford the drinker strength and patience to undergo a bad sermon. The bishops opposed it for a time, but they at length closed their eyes to the practice. Spain welcomed the gift of chocolate made her by Mexico with as much enthusiasm as she did that of gold by Peru; the metal she soon squandered, but the chocolate is still to be found in abundance in the Peninsula. It is an especial favorite with ladies and monks, and it always appears on occasions when courtesy requires that refreshments should be offered. The Spanish monks sent presents of it to their brethren in French monasteries; and Anne of Austria, on her marriage with Louis XIII. of France, brought a supply of chocolate from Spain, and it henceforth became an established custom.

In the days of the Regency it was far more commonly consumed than coffee, for it was then taken as an agreeable aliment, while coffee was still looked upon as a somewhat strange beverage, but certainly akin to luxury. In the opinion of Linnæus it must have surpassed all other nutritious preparations, or that naturalist would hardly have conferred upon it, as he did, the proud name of *theobroma*—"food for the gods." The favorive drink of the Emperor Napoleon was *chocа*, a mixture of coffee (with milk) and chocolate.

Invalids will do well to remember that chocolate made with vanilla is indigestible and injurious to the nerves, indeed, there are few stomachs at all that can bear chocolate as a daily meal. It is a highly concentrated aliment, and and all such cease to act nutritiously if taken into daily use.—[Rural New Yorker.

Experience With Tomatoes.

Wishing to get some of the plants which, in a late number of your excellent paper, you offered those who write to you an article on any garden vegetable, I send you a few lines telling of my experience in cultivating tomatoes.

Last spring I raised twenty-four nice, large Hathaway Excelsior Tomato plants in cans out of which I had taken the bottom, and then filled them with dirt and set them away on a board. I fixed them in this way so that I would not have to disturb them any, when I removed them to the garden. I kept them in my bay-window until the advent of warm days, and then accustomed them to the wind and sunshine by placing them in the porch. When dangers from frost were over, I planted them in the garden, and supposed they would get along all right. I didn't look at them until next morning when, alas! the Colorado beetle had feasted on them meanwhile, and had left nothing but the stems. So much for the ravages of those dreadful pests.

I don't at all blame foreign countries for dreading them as much as famine or the plague. We got our children to pick them every morning from the potato vines, giving them five cents a hundred for catching them, and they had plenty of spending money, you may be sure. If only we had watched our Tomato plants with equal care, we should have had plenty of Tomatoes in July. For the last five or six years I have raised them in cans just as I attempted to do this year, and have found it paid well for the trouble. When I was attending to my other plants I could water them without losing scarcely any time, and on the removal of the plants to the garden, the cans may be laid away in the woodhouse to serve the same purpose another year.

I first learnt this method of cultivating Tomatoes by reading an article in the *Rural*, and I like the fruit much better than those raised in a hot-bed; and moreover, I can have them earlier if only I watch them properly. I flatter myself that the beetles won't catch me napping again next spring. Last fall immense numbers of grasshoppers laid their eggs here, and caused great uneasiness about our early gardens, but they didn't hatch out until late, and then did much less damage than we feared. The Colorado beetle does more injury here than the 'hoppers, as it fortunately seems too far east for the health of the latter.

MARY R. BRANSON.

Villisca, Iowa.

Brieflets.

The growth of potatoes, recent experiment shows, is considerably affected by the color of the soil in which they are planted. The "Galaxy" relates that in studying the puzzling question why some potato fields escape blight while surrounded by others suffering from it, it was noticed that these fortunate plots were darker than the infected areas. Thinking that the greater absorption of heat by the darker ground and the consequent higher temperature might explain the difference, Mr. J. B. Hannay selected a piece of ground poorly adapted for growing potatoes, as it was a blue clay. It was planted in the ordinary way, using stable manure. One-half was left as planted, but the other was covered with soot which had been carefully washed until the soluble matter had been entirely removed, so that it could no longer afford any nourishment to the plants. Yet the tubers in this part of the ground sprouted first, and were always healthier than those in the undressed part of the field. Temperatures were taken by a thermometer inserted in the soil, which showed that at a depth of two inches the soot-covered earth was, on the average, 1.77 degrees hotter than the natural ground; and at the depth of eight inches the difference was 1.69 degrees. Thus the dark earth afforded its tubers a warmer climate than the light-colored soil. The most remarkable difference was found in the composition of the resulting crops. The soot-covered potatoes contained 22.8 per cent. of starch, and those in plain ground only 17.6 per cent., and the granules were smaller in size.—*Rural New Yorker.*

Hog Cholera Cures.

In response to our call for a cure for hog cholera, Mr. E. E. Locke two weeks ago called to say that he had cured or stopped the cholera on his hogs, some twenty years ago, by feeding them burnt corn. Several of our subscribers had, however, tried that remedy without avail, and we therefore said nothing about it. We are now able to give a better cure. Messrs. Felix Smoke and M. D. Brown, residing on Gen. Burns's farms across the river, both have successfully cured sick hogs within the last few weeks by giving them soft soap. Mr. Brown mixed the soap with milk, and the hogs ate of it and were cured. Some of the hogs had been so far gone as to be scarcely able to stand up, and after eating a little of the mixture one day they showed signs of improvement, which, after a second dose the next morning, developed into permanent cures. Soft soap may be therefore set down as one of the remedies to be used for hog cholera. We should like to hear from others who may try it.—[Lewistown True Democrat.

KEEPING THE SQASH.—Keeping squashes in winter seems to be attended with considerable difficulty. They cannot be keep where it is damp, as in most cellars, or where frost can reach them, nor will they keep so well where it is very warm. The best condition for keeping them seem to be where the air is cool and dry, yet safe from frost. An attic chamber until winter, then a closet near the chimney where the frost cannot reach, or the temperature does not rise very high, is the best most families can command. Extensive market gardeners often keep them in houses built for the purpose, where they can maintain an even temperature by the aid of fires and ventilation.

Floors for Cow Stables.

A correspondent of an eastern journal says: "I have tried many ways for both, and you can have my experience for what it is worth; and, without stating my failures, I will speak only of my successes. My objection to sleepers is that they make a harbor for rats where nothing can get at them.

My plans are, first, to dig a trench 4 feet from the stanchion, 28 inches wide, and 8 inches deep; then saw or hew two white oak sticks (or any lasting timber) 6 or 8 inches, long enough to reach the entire length of the stanchion or floor. Place the first one 4½ feet from the stanchion to the drop or gutter, 8 inches up and down. Then place the others 16 inches from that, to form the gutter, and bed them there solid by leveling up on the outside of each. Then dig out the bottom between the sticks 3 inches deeper, and dig under the sticks 2 inches. Then fill up level with the bottom of the sticks with cobble or broken stone. Take Rosendale cement one part, clean, sharp sand four parts; mix in a pail with clean water, just thin enough to run like melted lead, and fill the stone full to the top. Then as soon as set (but not dry) put on a coat, one-half or three-quarters of an inch thick, of sand and cement, equal parts, evenly spread with a trowel as thin as will work well. Have boards ready prepared that will fit close between the sticks the entire length. As soon as plastered lay the boards in on the mortar, and gently settle them down. Let the boards lie there three, six, or twelve months, as you like, so that no creature shall step on the cement until hard. You can safely put your cows in the next day—I have done it myself—and let the boards remain a year.

I have one floor ten years old constructed in this way. It has never leaked a drop, and it is hard to make visitors believe it is not stone, for a shovel will make no impression whatever upon it. Coarse sand makes the hardest bottom. Be careful to get the top of the first stick low enough to give the floor two inches fall, and everything that falls on the floor will run into the drop. Lay a board close to and parallel with the stanchions. Fill with any kind of earth, stamped down and scraped off between the top of board and top of stick. Then lay the floor, and spike one end of each plank to the top of the first stick laid, cancel the spikes in the fire, and sink in the heads half an inch to prevent the shovel catching. The floor being always dry on the top, will last many years. Stone laid in cement will answer in place of the six or eight-inch sticks for the drop, but you cannot spike the floor to them.—[Practical Farmer.

How to Lay Drain Tile.

An Ohio farmer laid sixty rods of drain tile, beginning at the lower end, while the men were digging out the ditch above him, and the result was that the whole sixty rods had to be taken up, after the ditch was filled with earth, in consequence of the tile becoming filled with mud, as any farmer ought to have known would be the result. In laying tile, always begin at the upper end, and when there are lateral drains, always begin at them before you lay the main conductors. The man to whom I refer above says, in regard to his work, after he had corrected his mistake: "I now commenced with my six-inch tile, at the upper end, took in each branch as I passed by, putting in a six-inch sewer pipe with a four-inch branch till all was finished. I now found my tile all clean, the water running out clear, and all the working in first-rate order. Results: The land, almost as soon as the ditches were in, became dry enough to plough—when a horse could not have walked across it before—and is now in good order." Pine boards six or seven inches wide, nailed together at their edges, with three cross strips on the under side to hold them in shape, will last twenty or thirty years when used in the place of tile. Even hemlock boards have been known to make good drains fifteen years. The drains should not be over thirty or forty feet apart, and at least two feet deep; and where the fall is sufficient to allow the drain three feet deep it is better to make it of that depth.—*N. Y. World.*

Fall Planting.

We wish we could impress upon the minds of our readers the importance of fall over spring for setting all kinds of cane and tip-rooted plants, such as red and black raspberries, blackberries, currants, gooseberries, and grapes; and, setting in the fall, we advise *early* setting—even by or before the leaf drops—say, any time after middle to 20th of September to last of October. The reason why we advise early setting is, that most, if not all, kinds of plants, after being transplanted, getting the benefit of the fall rains, get well settled in their place to begin to grow out fine rootlets even this fall; then, as the ground freezes, by drawing over them earth or throwing a shovelful of litter of any kind—manure, tan-bark, saw-dust, inverted sods, hay or straw—over each hill, they will come out all right in the spring and begin to grow as soon as frost is out, scarcely a plant failing. The start these plants get in the fall in rooting, with the benefit of rains, etc., early in the spring (which generally prevents early spring setting) gives them such a start that they make *double* the growth of those set in the spring, and consequently yield the following year double the fruit.—*Fruit Recorder.*

VARIATIONS IN BUTTER.—One of the proprietors of a leading butter firm doing business in Boston recently stated that during the many years in which he had been handling butter he had never yet received butter from different dairies that was any more nearly alike than the men who brought it in, or the women who made it. The products of every dairy have a character peculiarly their own, which would hardly be the case if all understood their business, as marble-workers and bricklayers understand theirs. But if these different products were all good, and only varied as the character of different varieties of good fruit vary, there would be less cause for complaint than now, with one-half, or perhaps more, really unpalatable to any but the coarser appetites. Now, what do these fruits prove? Simply this, that as dairymen we are yet very ignorant of the laws under which we are working. The hot horseshoe may not be used as frequently now as formerly for driving witches from the churn, but how many do really know just why the "butter don't come" as well in November as in June, or why the milk sours most when lightning and thunder shakes the earth?—[Western Farm Journal.

Preserving potatoes in a sound condition for one or two years would, in many parts of the country, be at present an advantage, owing to the excessively large crop and consequent low price. This can be done, it is said on good authority, by burying them in a dry place at a depth of about four feet, so as to place them beyond the action of air and moisture. In such a position they cease to vegetate and retain for even a couple of years their original freshness, firmness and good taste. It should always be borne in mind that in pitting potatoes, care should be taken to avoid all moisture, for a damp pit is certain ruin to a goodly share of the tubers.

The best depth for sowing wheat in ordinary soil is shown by experiments to be from one to two inches. Samples of pure seed sown one-half inch in depth came up in eleven days, seven-eighths of the seed germinating; that sown one inch in depth came up in twelve days, and all the seed germinated; two inches deep, seven-eighths of it came up in twenty days; four inches showed a growth of one-half that came up in twenty-one days; five inches only one-half grew and came up in twenty-two days, while that planted six inches deep came up in twenty-two days, but only one-eighth germinated.

——Gold fish and fish globes for sale at Green's.

New Advertisements.

Valuable Farm

FOR SALE.

AT OAK HALL,

CENTRE COUNTY, PA., ON LINE OF

L. S. C. RAILROAD

CONTAINING ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY-SIX ACRES.

Well Improved,

EXCEPT SIXTEEN ACRES

GOOD YOUNG TIMBER.

Water Privileges cannot be surpassed. There is also a good fruit bearing Orchard on the premises. The buildings are very suitable and convenient for farm, will sell all or in part, say 116 acres—with buildings—south of Railroad line, if desired; or 50 acres north of Railroad. Will make a good business place. Address

JOHN S. FOSTER,
35 tf Boalsburg, Centre County, Pa.

A HOME

Boarding School,

FOR LITTLE CHILDREN.

Thorough Instruction.

HEALTH,

MORALS AND MANNERS,

A SPECIALTY.

Reference—D. G. Boyd.

SARAH E. FELL,
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FAIRBANKS'

Standard Scales,

Made with the Latest and most Valuable Improvements.

SCALES THE WORLD'S STANDARD.

RECEIVED HIGHEST MEDALS AT

World's Fair, London, 1851 | World's Fair, Vienna, 1873
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World's Fair, Paris, 1867 | World's Fair, Phila., 1876

ALSO

COFFEE & SPICE MILLS, TEA & COFFEE CANS, STORE TRUCKS, &c.

Agents for Miles's Alarm Money Drawers.

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AGENTS WANTED!

For this Comprehensive, Superbly Illustrated History of the present momentous struggle in the East. Its accurate Maps, Plans and many Elegant Engravings are a special feature. It gives a Graphic History of each Country, with historic and descriptive sketches of the primitive manners, picturesque customs and domestic life of the contestants. Describes the

DREADFUL MASSACRE OF CHRISTIANS

in Bulgaria; the Frightful Turkish Atrocities in other places; the uprising of the masses in Herzegovina. It gives the Stirring Battles and Thrilling Incidents of the war, and is the most fascinating and exacting work of the age. Agents are sure of prompt and ready sale. Prospectus Books now ready.

Also Agents Wanted on our Grand Combination Prospectus representing

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With Invaluable Illustrated Aids and Superb Bindings. Nearly 100 styles Superior to all others and indispensable to every family.

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The largest assortment in the city at prices to suit the times. Window Shades hung with the improved patent fixtures at $2 per window. Blinds repainted and trimmed to look equal to new. Store shades made and lettered. Cornices, Lambrequin Wire Screens, Window Awnings, Repairing, &c. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

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GOLD. Great chance to make money. If you can't get gold you can get greenbacks. We need a person in every town to take subscriptions for the largest, cheapest and best illustrated family publication in the world. Any one can become a successful agent. The most elegant works of art given free to subscribers. One agent reports making over $150 in a week. A lady agent reports taking over 400 subscribers in ten days. All who engage make money fast. You can devote all your time to the business, or only your spare time. You need not be away from home over night. You can do it as well as others. Full particulars, directions and terms free. Elegant and expensive outfit free. If you want profitable work send us your address at once. It costs nothing to try the business. No one who engages fails to make great pay. Address "The People's Journal," Portland, Maine. 37-1 year

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Letters of administration, *cum testamento annexo*, have been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Alexander Edmiston, late of Union township, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them for settlement.

J. M. BLAIR,
WILLIAM BROWER,
9-35-6t* Administrators.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of John C. Bricker, deceased, late of Harris township, having been granted to the undersigned, he requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated, according to law, for settlement.

JOHN MUSSER, JR.,
1-39-3t* Executor.

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Young Men and Ladies, and earn from $45 to $90 per month. Good situations guaranteed. Small salary while learning. Address, with stamp, SHERMAN TELEGRAPH Co Oberlin, O. 36 9t

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Strawbridge & Clothier,

ARE NOW OPENING ONE OF THE MOST SUPERB ASSORTMENTS OF

DRESS FABRICS,

BOTH FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC, EVER OFFERED IN THIS COUNTRY, OUR OWN DIRECT IMPORTATIONS.

800 PIECES FRENCH ARMURES,
At 50, 55 and 75 cts.

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In every width and quality.

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All wool and in all the new shades,
45, 50 and 62½ cts.

1,000 Pieces Black Cashmeres,
In twenty different qualities, from
50 cts. to $2 00 per yard.

These goods, made expressly to our own order, are, we believe, made by the best maker and dyed by the best dyer in the world. In regard to beauty of appearance and durability in wear they are not equalled by any other goods.

IN DOMESTIC DRESS FABRICS,
We also offer all the best makes, fresh from the mills, at the lowest cash prices.

We are distributing large quantities of
MUSLINS AND SHEETINGS
In every standard make, at prices peculiar to ourselves.

Also—
CANTON FLANNELS,
Of which we offer 2,000 pieces of every known quality and price.

IN BLANKETS AND QUILTS,
We are now prepared to exhibit goods manufactured in this country and Europe, expressly for ourselves.

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We offer an immense stock personally selected in Ireland and Scotland by our own linen buyer.

OUR STOCK OF FLANNELS
Is also larger than ever before.

STAPLE FABRICS,
Made of cotton, wool or linen, we offer inducements not to be surpassed in the United States.

NOTE.—Send for samples of whatever you may need in Dry Goods, and we will guarantee your orders will be filled promptly and satisfactorily.

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N. W. COR. EIGHTH & MARKET STS.,
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Coal, Lime, &c.

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Shortlidge & Co.,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

COAL UNDER ROOF,

FROM THE

WILKESBARRE BALTIMORE COAL CO'S MINES,

prepared expressly for family use.

BEST COAL

IN MARKET.

Also, SHAMOKIN ANTHRACITE COAL.

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LIME LIME
LIME LIME
LIME LIME

LIME!

WOOD or COAL BURNT.

CHALLENGES COMPETITION AS TO

QUALITY.

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Agents for the sale of

DUPONT'S

POWDER.

RIFLE, SPORTING and BLASTING POWDER constantly on hand, which is sold in large or small quantities.

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FUSE:

BEST COTTON, HEMP, AND TAPE FUSE FOR BLASTING.

FIRE BRICK AND GROUND FIRE CLAY,

All of which are being sold at the very

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CONSUMERS OF AND DEALERS IN THE ABOVE ARTICLES ARE SOLICITED TO GIVE US A CALL!

Office and Yard near South End of Bald Eagle Valley Railroad Depot.

v5n34-tf

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IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS!

—THE—

BUSH HOUSE!

BELLEFONTE, PA.

has been recently thoroughly Renovated and Repaired, and under the management of the New Proprietor, MR. F. D. McCOLLUM, formerly of Pittsburgh, is First-Class in All its Appointments.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

Are offered to those in attendance at COURT, and others remaining in town for a few days at a time.

The Largest and most Superbly Designed Hotel in Central Pennsylvania.

ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES. GO TRY THE BUSH HOUSE.

F. D. McCOLLUM, Proprietor.

Hardware.

HARDWARE!

JAMES HARRIS & CO.

ARE SELLING VERY LOW

REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,
And all kinds of Farming Tools,
RAKES FORKS, SCYTHES, CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,
ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,

As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line. 25

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RAIL ROAD HOUSE
Corner Front and Pine Street,
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ROBERT LOYD, Prop'r.

The best of Liquors and Segars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. v6n35-1y

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M. S. GRAHAM, Fashionable Barber, in Basement of the Conrad House Bellefonte Pa. The best of Razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a SHAVE without either pulling or pain. Perfumery Hair Oil Hair Restoratives, &c., constantly on hand. WARM AND COLD BATHS. 5-1-tf

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FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High Street, Bellefonte, Pa 5-29-1y

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UNIVERSAL HISTORY,
Commencing with the earliest periods, ending March, 1877. 3 volumes of the World's great, Grand History in one. ANCIENT, MIDDLE AGES, and MODERN, including history of Centennial Exhibition, inauguration of President Hayes, and Turkish Difficulties. A book of thrilling interest and universal need. Sells faster than any other. Beautiful illustrations, low prices, quick sales, extra terms, circulars free. Address J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.; Cincinnati, O.; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo. 27 13t

$777 is not easily earned in these times, but it can be made in three months by any one of either sex, in any part of the country, who is willing to work steadily at the employment which we furnish. $66 dollars per week in your own town. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. It costs nothing to try the business. Terms and $5 Outfit free. Address at once, H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine. 9-8-1y

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Insurance effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.
INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY FIRE AND LIGHTNING.
9-9-1y GEORGE L. POTTER,
(Furst's Building.) High St., Bellefonte.

PAINTERS.
DOAK & LONBERGER,
Painters, Paper Hangers and Kalsominers, will attend promptly to all orders in their line of business, addressed to them by mail or left at the REPUBLICAN office. 9 28 1y

W. L. FOULK, Agent Pennsylvania, Ohio & Western Press Association, is hereby appointed the sole and only authorized agent for THE BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN, for Pittsburgh, Allegheny and vicinity—this to hold good for six months, or further extended.
Bellefonte, April 16, 1877.

PATENTS

F. A. Lehmann, Solicitor of Patents, Washington, D. C. No Patent No Pay. Send for Circular. 9 16 1y

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.—William Holsbaugh offers his services as a laborer. Is willing to work at anything on the farm, make garden, stone or rail fence, chop rails or wood or anything else. Give him a call. 15-tf

Drugs and Medicines.

Drugs, Drugs, Drugs.

S. T. Shugert, having purchased the Drug Store, on Allegheny street, Bellefonte, next door to the Hardware Store of Hicks & Bro., has stocked and filled it out with all the most popular

Drugs & Medicines,
Chemicals,
Perfumery,
Soaps, Combs,
Brushes,
Trusses,
Supporters,
Braces,
Fancy and Toilet Articles, Etc.

Patent Medicines, Alcohol, pure Wines and Liquors for medical purposes only.

PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS
carefully compounded and orders answered with care and dispatch. Farmers and Physicians from the country will find our stock of Medicines complete, warranted genuine and of the best quality.
This store will remain under the direction of the accomplished druggist and pharmacist heretofore connected with it, Mr. H. M. Herrington, and we respectfully solicit the custom of our friends and the old patrons of the store.
16-1y S. T. SHUGERT.

Car Works.

CHANGED HANDS.

McCLELLAN & SPEER,

Successors to Bellefonte Car Manufact'ng Co.,

having leased the work of the company are prepared to furnish

Sash,
Doors,
Sidings;
Flooring.
Mouldings,
Scroll Work,
Stains,
Building Material,

Cottage Bedsteads, and all kinds of frame work. The

MACHINE SHOPS

are the most complete of any in the State, and they will make a specialty of furnishing repairs for Threshing Machines, Reapers, Engines, &c., and having in operation the most approved Forging Hammers, Bolt Headers, Cutters and Net Taps, they can supply

Heavy Forgings,

Bolts, Nets, &c., at reduced prices. The

FOUNDRY DEPARTMENT

will be kept fully stocked with wagon spindles, and stove grates. New castings of all kinds.
McCLELLAN & SPEER,
6-13-1y Bellefonte, Pa.

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PINE and HEMLOCK

LUMBER

For Sale at

Reduced Rates

At the Yards of the

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE RAILROAD CO.,

At Bellefonte & Milesburg.

DANIEL RHOADS,
19 tf General Superintendent.

Cheap Guns for the People

Double Shot Guns, from $7 to $50. Breech Loading Shot Guns, from $25 to $150. Single Shot Guns, all kinds, $2 to $35. Rifles, Muzzle and Breech Loading, Single and Repeating, 7, 16 and 34 shooters. Revolvers, 5, 6 and 7 shooters, $2.50 to $20.

Goods sent by express C. O. D., with privilege to examine. Price list free. Address, GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS, Pittsburgh, Pa. tf

Parlor Organ.

Alleger, Bowlby & Co's
STAR
PARLOR ORGAN

Surpasses in Tone and Power any Reed Organ heretofore manufactured in this country. It has been tested by many competent judges and

Gives Universal Satisfaction.

By a skillful use of the stops, and of the patent knee swell, the music is adapted to the human voice, ranging from the softest flute-like note to a volume of sound

Unsurpassed by any Instrument.

The proprietors have noted carefully for many years the imperfections and needs of the reed instruments, and direct their practical experience to the correction of such imperfections and their experiments have resulted in the production of a quality of tone which assimilates so closely to the

PIPE ORGAN QUALITY

That it is difficult to distinguish between the two. This instrument has all

The Latest Improvements

And every organ is fully warranted. Large O Polish, Black Walnut Paneled Cases that

WILL NOT CRACK OR WARP.

And forms in addition to a splendid instrument of music,

A Beautiful Piece of Furniture

This organ needs only to be seen to be appreciated, and is sold at extremely

LOW PRICES

For cash. Second-hand instruments taken in Exchange.

Agents Wanted

Male or female) in every county in the United States and Canada. A liberal discount made to Teachers, Ministers, Churches, Schools, Lodges, etc., where there is no agent for the Star Organ. Illustrated catalogue and price list free. Correspondence solicited. Address the manufacturers,

ALLEGER, BOWLBY & CO.
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—OR—
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Flour and Feed.

DUNCAN, HALE & CO.,
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MANUFACTURERS OF
FLOUR, FEED, &c.,
AND DEALERS IN
ALL KINDS OF GRAIN

The highest market price paid for
WHEAT, RYE,
CORN,
OATS, &c
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960,000 ACRES IN
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First-class Stock farms, excellent Agricultural Lands, and the best Tobacco region in the West. Short Winters, no grasshoppers, orderly society, good markets and a healthy country Low Prices! Long Credit!
Free transportation from St. Louis to the lands furnished purchasers. For further information, address
A. L. DEANE,
Land Commissioner St. Louis and San Francisco Ry. Co., N. W. corner Fifth and Walnut Streets, St. Louis, Mo 31

To the Working Class.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time, or for their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied we will send one dollar to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, samples worth several dollars to commence work on, and a copy of Home and Fireside, one of the largest and best Illustrated Publications, all sent free by mail. Reader, you want permanent, profitable work, address GEORGE STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. 9-5-1y

T. D. KELLOGG,
General Advertising Agent,
5 Beekman St., New York.
v6n46 1y

WILLIAM E. SHOPE,
CABINET-MAKER AND HOUSE BUILDER
Those desiring a first-class workman are requested to give him a call. 6-16-1y

A MAN
OF A THOUSAND.
Having discovered, in a manner which might be considered almost providential, a positive cure for Consumption and all lung complaints I felt it my duty to make it known in a practical manner by furnishing a sample bottle, free of charge, to all sufferers, my only hope of remuneration being that the medicine will perform all I claim for it. The ingredients are of the choicest herbal products and perfectly safe; will be sent FREE TO ALL. Address at once DR. O. PHELPS BROWN, 21 Grand street Jersey City, N. J.; or may be had of C. H. Ellis & Bro., Druggists, Milesburg, Pa. 9-11 1y

Miscellaneous Cards.

ESTABLISHED 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.
F. P. GREEN
DRUGGIST.
BUSH HOUSE BUILDING, BELLEFONTE
Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first-class Drug Store. Particular attention given to preparing Physicians prescriptions, and family recipes. v6n1-1y.

$999 Can't be made by every agent every month in the business we furnish, but those willing to work can easily earn a dozen dollars a day right in their own localities. Have no room to explain here. Business pleasant and honorable. Women, and boys and girls do as well as men. We will furnish you a complete outfit free. The business pays better than anything else. We will bear expense of starting you. Particulars free; write and see. Farmers and mechanics, their sons and daughters, and all classes in need of paying work at home, should write to us and learn all about the work at once. Now is the time; don't delay. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. 9-5-1y

If you want Bill-Heads,
If you want Envelopes,
If you want Statements,
If you want Note Heads,
If you want Show Cards,
If you want Bill Tickets,
If you want large Posters,
If you want small Posters,
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If you want job printing of any description in as good style as at any other Job Printing Establishment in the country, and at very moderate prices, leave your orders at the REPUBLICAN office, where they will be attended to. Job printing of every description done neatly, cheaply and quickly.

MAKE HOME HAPPY.
A Plentiful Supply of
Good Reading and Beautiful Pictures
WILL DO IT.
THE CINCINNATI
WEEKLY STAR,
A fine eight-page paper, with 48 full columns, **costs only $1.00 per year** (we pay postage), and is the *largest, brightest, and best paper* published for the money. It is independent in politics, gives all the news, and, besides much other good reading, every number has three or four excellent *original or selected stories*. Every subscriber also receives a copy of the beautiful engraving, **"The Poor the Poor Man's Friend,"** size 24x34 inches, and a copy of THE STAR ILLUSTRATED ALMANAC. **25 cts. extra** must be sent to pay expense of packing and mailing premiums. **☞ Our Inducements to Agents,** always the most liberal in the field, *are now greater than ever.* We want every club agent in the country to communicate with us before commencing work. To any person desiring to get up a club, we will send a sample copy of the picture and a canvasser's outfit for **25 cts.** *Specimen copy of paper free.* **Send for one before subscribing for any other.**
Persons to whom we have already sent the picture, **"The Poor the Poor Man's Friend,"** by saying so can have in its stead another excellent engraving, of same size, which we have secured for this purpose.
☞ *Paper without picture, One Dollar.*
THE STAR,
230 Walnut St., Cincinnati, O.
MAKE HOME PLEASANT.
MAKE YOUR HOME BEAUTIFUL. MAKE YOUR HOME ENTERTAINING.

SEND 25c to GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., New York, for Pamphlet of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 newspapers, and estimate showing cost of advertising. 41otf

Clothing.

1877— —1877
Spring & Summer Season
MONTGOMERY & CO.,
Manufacturers of
CLOTHING
Hats, Caps & Shirts.
Cash Sales and Small Profits.

We will make a Good Suit—To your own exact measure—from all-wool fabric—guaranteed fit or no sale—for..... $20 00

We will make good suits to order for..... $21 00
We will make good suits to order for..... 22 00
We will make good suits to order for..... 23 00
We will make good suits to order for..... 24 00
We will make good suits to order for..... 25 00

We will sell better Hats and Caps for less money than elsewhere,
We will sell fine Suits for less money than elsewhere.
We will sell anything in our store cheaper than elsewhere.
Why will you buy common store clothes when our fine goods are only a trifle higher? Remember, a good fit guaranteed or no sale.
Orders solicited now for clothing.

Farmers, Bankers, Merchants and Mechanics,

all people save money by buying fine clothing of

MONTGOMERY & CO.
No. 7 Brockerhoff Row.
9-4-tf

WM. S. TRIPPLE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
McCAFFERTY'S NEW BUILDING,
Opposite Depot.
Has just received a large invoice of
GENTLEMENS'
FURNISHING GOODS.
of the latest styles,
FASHIONABLE SUITS
MADE TO ORDER AT
LOW CASH PRICES
v5-12-1

SELLERS' LIVER PILLS
Sellers' Liver Pills have stood for Thirty years a Standard Remedy for the cure of Liver Complaint, Costiveness, Sick Headache, and all Derangement of the Liver.
"Sellers' Vermifuge, the great Worm Destroyer," expelled 600 large, live worms from my child, 2 years old. Wm. Server, St. Louis, Mo. Price each 25c. If your druggist don't keep them, send for them. S. E. SELLERS & CO., Prop'r, Pittsburgh, Pa.
9 28 yeow

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Lodge Directory.

Bellefonte Council, No. 270, O. U. A. M. meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening, at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72, I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, F. & A. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each full moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

The Centennial Temperance Club, of the U. S., meets every Monday evening in Bush's Arcade.

Pennsvalley Lodge, No. 273, I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday evening at Pine Grove Mills.

Lick Run Lodge, No. 311, I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday evening at Howard.

Centre Hall Lodge, No. 895, I. O. O. F., meets every Saturday evening in the Odd Fellow's Hall.

The Milesburg Centennial Temperance Club, meets every Friday evening.

Millheim Council, No. 309, O. U. A. M., meets every Saturday at 7 o'clock P. M., in their Council Room, Wilt's building.

Bellefonte Chapter, 241, R. A. M., meets on Thursday night preceding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Constans Commandery, No. 33, K. T., meets the second Friday evening of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

——They are to have a new store at Wolf's Store, whereat the people are much pleased.

——The school board at Reberaburg, have decided to build a new school house for the purpose of starting an advanced grade, or High school.

——There is already one coal yard at Spring Mills, but, not in the least daunted, John D. Long intends to start another.

——The post-office at Spring Mills has been removed from its old stand to the hardware store of Thomas A. Hicks & Bro. in order that it may be more convenient to the railroad.

——James and Cornelius Stover, of Rebersburg, are having their houses plastered on the outside, and Reuben Kreamer and T. R. Zeigler, of the same place, are digging cellars preparatory to erecting large brick residences next spring.

——A gentleman in Lamar, Clinton county, while husking corn last week, found a small copperhead snake, about eight or ten inches long, coiled around an ear of corn under the outside husk. He did not husk that ear until the snake was killed.

——As Rev. Henry J. Kiester was preaching at the school house near Hublersburg, last Sunday evening, some one appropriated his calico buggy cover and a new oil cloth knee spread. Such petty meanness properly belongs to some other region than Nittany Valley.

——Farmers should call in to Newcomers' boot and shoe store, next door to post-office, up-stairs, and examine the new grain separator. This separator, which was exhibited at the Fair, makes six distinct separations at once. Parties wishing them should order them through Mr. Newcomer, agent.

——Mr. H. Robb has removed his Boot & shoe establishment to the room formerly occupied by Bayard's book store, where he is prepared to manufacture to order, all kinds of boots, shoes and gaiters. Repairing neatly and promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. Give him a call.

—— A correspondent of the Centre Hall *Reporter* complains that men and boys hunt upon Egg Hill; also that boys and girls play hide-and-seek in the church yard on Sunday. We shall have to send a missionary over there. Won't brother Crittenden attend to those barbarians of Penns Valley?

—— The exhibits furnished at the late county fair by the Grangers demonstrates that they are composed of wide-awake, progressive farmers, which speaks volumes in favor of organization, and should be an incentive to all farmers to organize clubs where the merits of farming can be discussed for the benefit of all—Grange and anti-Grange.

——Valentines & Co., Allegheny St., near the Post Office, have received and shelved a large and superior stock of fall goods, embracing all the latest styles, to which they would invite attention. Their assortment of dry goods is complete, and offered at the lowest prices; their grocery department is supplied with everything of the very best, and at prices to suit the times. Their new advertisement, announcing the fall programme, will appear in our next issue.

——The trustees of Howard M. E. church, at a recent meeting, passed a resolution to forbid the use of the church for any purposes except religious services. This is eminently a move in the right direction, as churches are frequently desecrated by petty shows of questionable propriety and morality. If a church is other than an ordinary residence or place of resort, it is a holy place, and should be kept sacred to the purpose for which it was set apart by the ceremonies of dedication.

A PLEASANT PIC-NIC.—A really enjoyable pic-nic came off on last Saturday in the grove near the M. E. church, Pleasant Gap. Both in attendance and enjoyment it was a complete success. The children, with smiling faces, began to assemble at the church about half-past ten, accompanied by parents with well-filled baskets. During the stay of the children in the church, with parents and guests, the time was passed very pleasantly by addresses, singing, etc. The Rev. E. Chambers, superintendent of the school, said he could make a somewhat lengthy speech, but he would not do it, as he thought the many shining little faces had met there for fun, pleasure and something good to eat, and he should not interrupt them by talking. The Rev. Mr. Shearer, preacher in charge, addressed the assemblage about ten minutes, his theme being "Watch," from which he enforced many practical and useful lessons. Near 12 o'clock the procession formed and proceeded to the grove, faced the tables, loaded with all the good things desirable, to which all did ample justice, the Centre Hall band meantime discoursing sweet music. Old and young were merry, and we should have been pleased to be present. The thanks of all present were warmly tendered to the band for their attendance and music.

——The large attendance at our County Fair, last Friday, was a source of congratulation to the management as well as to the farm exhibitors. The number on the grounds during Friday would in all probability reach six thousand persons. Pennsvalley turned out *en masse*; Nittany and Half Moon valleys were equally represented, but the turn out from Bald Eagle Valley was meagre in the extreme, except from Boggs and Union townships, the farmers from which came in their own conveyances. It is true that the Railroad Company announced regular excursion rates, but farmers were not willing to *pay regular excursion rates*, for the reason that they believe that the company should give the people of our county a low excursion to attend our annual meeting, or County Agricultural Exhibition. The fact of the company adhering so closely to *red tape* rates of fare on occasions of this kind only serves to embitter the farming community against patronizing the road at all times, while, on the other hand, an excursion at a very low rate, which everybody can patronize, serves to soften hard shell prejudice as well as to augment the railroad treasury.

We observed S. S. Blair, Superintendent, on the grounds, who had a fair opportunity of viewing the turn out, and who we trust will compare notes in reference to the railroad patronage, which may be the means of stimulating a more liberal policy to our Bald Eagle friends in the future.

We will wait and see.

——Our lady readers who finds it inconvenient to visit the city every time they need the better grades of dry goods, will be pleased to learn that one Philadelphia dry goods house, at least, has a thoroughly organized mail order department, by means of which customers at a distance enjoy almost the same advantages they would, if dealing personally at the counters. During the past summer one of this enterprising firm visited Europe and personally selected an immense assortments of the choicest novelties in foreign dress fabrics which are now on exhibition at their store. We refer to the well known firm of Strawbridge & Clothier, generally acknowledged to be the leading dry goods house in Philadelphia. We advise everybody needing dry goods to give their mail order department a trial.

——We call the attention of our readers to the new advertisement of D. C. Goodrich, Publisher of "Dr. Egle's New Illustrated History of Pennsylvania" in this issue. We have examined this truly great work, and can, most emphatically recommend it to every intelligent Pennsylvanian, as being the best history of our Commonwealth ever before published. It has been very highly endorsed by the State Historical Society, the leading men, and press of the State. Any one wishing permanent and honorable employment (and there are many needing it) should at once correspond with the publisher at Harrisburg, and if possible secure the offer they make in their advertisement.

——Hon. Joseph F. Quay died on Sunday, September 23d at his home in Salona, Clinton county, at the advanced age of 82 years, 11 months and 9 days. He was known to many people of this county, having been a man of prominence for the greater part of his life. He was by profession a farmer and surveyor. Served many years as justice of the peace, and one term as State Senator; also one term as Associate Judge, and had held many other local offices in Clinton county. Although he had reached a ripe old age, yet he will be sadly missed by a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

——J. A. Rankin & Son, Fire and Life Insurance agents, invite the attention of property owners, heads of families, and all others interested, to the undoubted reliability of the companies they represent, and the liberal terms offered.

——Go to Seibert's for groceries.

Centre County Fair.

CONTINUED FROM 4TH PAGE.

following implements: 1 single reaper, which was sold; 2 light mowers; 2 combined reaper and mower; 1 grain drill, sold; 1 cultivator: 1 hay-rake, sold and three more ordered. Mr. J. M. Thompson, of Rock Springs, general agent for Centre county, was the exhibitor.

Beyond these implements, was a "Success" washing machine and churn, with water or other power attachment.

THE BALLOON ASCENSION.

Whilst we were busily engaged in taking our hurried observations and notes, the sudden movements of the crowd and the cry of "The balloon! the balloon!" indicated that the eagerly expected event of the day was about to transpire. Just then the huge proportions of the air car loomed into view, discovering the aeronaut, Mr. S. J. Phillippi, seated upon the cross-bar which was to serve as his perching place during the aerial voyage. The balloon had been inflated at the gas works on Lamb street, about half a mile from the fair grounds, and guided to the upper portion of the inclosure by means of a rope attachment. Sixteen thousand feet of gas were required for the inflation. It was the purpose to reach the track plat and make the ascension from there, in full view of the spectators upon the hill-sides, but a strong current of wind caused the balloon to veer off to the east with uncontrollable force; and the rope breaking, a compulsory and somewhat unceremonious ascent was begun. Once fairly fledged, the monster seemed to become less unruly, and a very pretty ascension was begun, although the car and its intrepid voyager were almost immediately shut off from the view of the greater part of the visitors upon the grounds by the intervening hills. Mr. Phillippi informs us that, shortly after leaving terra firma, he encountered a cloud, rising very rapidly, but shifted so as to get above it; but he found the cold so severe that he again caught under, and began to descend soon afterwards. The altitude attained is estimated at between nine and ten thousand feet, and the distance traversed about twelve or thirteen miles. He had within reach clothing to guard against the cold, and although he had these in his hand, he was unable to put them on, so completely was he numbed by the cold he encountered. He was also provided with sand-bag ballast, but for the same reason was unable to throw it out for the guidance of the mammoth's course or control. The time consumed in the journey was about twenty-five minutes. He landed on the farm of James Odenkirk, near the old fort, and as the balloon made a very rapid descent, it dragged for considerable distance over a stake-and-rider fence, tearing the balloon to such an extent as to render it almost, if not entirely, worthless for future operations. Mr. Phillippi, being almost unconscious from the cold, was little able to protect himself from sudden contact with the ground, and was so stunned that he lay for some ten minutes or more perfectly helpless ere some persons who had witnessed his descent came to his assistance. In a short time thereafter he was sufficiently recovered to begin his homeward walk—leaving the scene of his mishap about 7 o'clock, and reaching Bellefonte about 9—pretty good time for a wrecked stunned and almost frozen aerial navigator.

This was the thirty-ninth ascension made by Mr. Phillippi, and he characterizes it as the coldest and worst he has ever experienced. The balloon was brought in in a day or two, by Mr. Phillippi, who finds his worst fears realized as to the damage done to the balloon—the wreck being an almost total one, except the netting, which is in tolerably good order. In the damage thus sustained, Mr. Phillippi has the sympathies of all to whose amusement he catered by his somewhat hazardous—never entirely safe—adventure.

FRIDAY'S RACES AND DOINGS.

Early in the afternoon a match game of base ball was played by the College nine and the Bellefonte nine, the former proving victorious by a score of 19 to 10, as we understood the score.

The following race, class 17, No. 2, purse $30, open to horses owned in Centre county 6 months, not specially kept for trotting or racing purposes, (1 mile heat) best 2 in 3, came off, and was won in the following order:

Isaac Lose, Jr.	first
Amos Mullen	second
O. Shower	third

Time trot—horse nearest 4 minutes, with the following entries:

	1st.	2d.	3d.
Bond Valentine's horse, driven by Isaac Lose, Jr.	3:55	4:02	3:55
A. Baum	4:04	4:16	4:15
Jas. T. Chambers	4:20	4:16	4:15
C. Dale, Jr.	4:15	4:16	4:23
D. Boullau	3:52	3:59	——

LADIES' SINGLE HORSE-BACK RIDING.

Mrs. Geo. M. Boal, 1st—Lady's saddle.
Mrs. L. Neff, 2d—Riding Bridle.
Mrs. Chambers, 3rd.
Miss Eliza Lohr, 4th.

LADIES AND GENTS HORSE-BACK RIDING.

E. Chambers and mother	1st
Lafayette Neff and wife	2nd
Geo. M. Boal and wife	3rd

GENTLEMENS' SINGLE HORSE-BACK RIDING.

Fred Reynolds	1st
Dr. Grove	2d
C. Dale, Jr.	3rd
Geo. M. Boal	4th
L. Neff	5th

FANTASTICS.

Woolly Head	1st
Ghost	2d
Steve Brown	3d
Nebudchadnazar	4th
Red Dog	5th

John Doosenflick, Katy Did and H. Doosenburg.

MILITARY AND FIREMEN.

The early notes of the fife and drum, on Friday morning, gave token of the military preparations, and Company B., Lieut. Williams in command, headed by its band, dispensing spirited martial music, and presenting a fine soldierly appearance, attracted the attention of all visitors upon the fair grounds as well as spectators upon the streets. The Logan Fire Company, headed by the Zion band, in full uniform, and drawnig their hose carriage, presented a fine appearance, as they marched to the grounds, and their appearance there was hailed with delight.

A running race, which occasioned much merriment among the spectators, was one of the features of the afternoon. In this race there were six entries, but as the contest was only a friendly one—"just for fun, you know"—the turf rules were not very strictly enforced, nor was there even the far-famed John Gilpin's speed, although the riders might have put to blush the horseman's skill and grace of that unwilling yet renowned racer of London town.

CORN HUSKING.

The corn-husking contest came off, attracting interest from farmers and others, and to the astonishment of them all, was won by a Bellefonte artisan instead of a farmer accustomed to the task. The winner of the first premium was John Wolf, tinner, of this place; of the second, Amos Garbrick, Spring township; and the third by Mr Winkelman.

THE WOOD SAWING.

This contest did not come off. The wood was on the ground, properly staked off, awaiting the entry of contestants; but there did not seem to be any persons ambitious of a muscular and skillful display in this direction, either for the amusement of the crowd or for the premiums offered to the victors.

THE HOME-RETURNING CROWD.

About 5 o'clock the note of preparation for the homeward bound was sounded, and soon the line of procession was formed in irregular and massive line; and, with the thousand vehicles of all classes, horsemen and pedestrians—men, women and children—in hurried and earnest efforts to gain the safest and most convenient positions, the scene was a decidedly lively one. From the grounds to town an unbroken line was presented—or rather a number of lines—for over an hour, ere the crowd had made its exit, and, in the hurry and confusion incident to the leave-taking, the wonder is that many serious accidents did not occur.

THE BY-PLAY.

Of course the refreshment stands were represented, for Young America could never endure an afternoon, much less a whole day, pent up in an enclosure, even with abundant elbow-room without the soothing agencies dispensed by these universal Fair accompaniments. The flying horses were also on hand, and nurses, children and babies were swung round the circle with dizzy velocity for the small sum of half a dime. Peanut stands, cider and ginger cakes claimed their patronage. Rifle and target afforded amateur marksmen, emulous of Creedmoor skill and distinction, opportunity for practice—two shots for a nickel; and if one were longing for a smoke, he could for five cents obtain a chance of getting a cigar by plugging a most deceitful swinging panel with either one of three base balls. The inevitable jewelry man was also there, who whistled, talked, and swore he was dispensing his wares far below cost, and earnestly invoking the assistance of the crowd in speeding him on to bankruptcy. Of course they all found sympathizing patrons, and the dimes and nickels freely changed hands.

SATURDAY—THE CLOSE.

At an early hour we visited the grounds, but there were few persons, horses or vehicles there. Many horses and cattle had been taken home, and others were leaving or preparing to leave. The buildings where so much interest centered on Friday, were like "banquet halls deserted"—nearly all the exhibits having been removed, or were being packed in readiness for removal. The whole interest of the day was for the afternoon races, which promised considerable amusement.

THE CLOSING RACES.

The first race was a farmers' race—class 10, for a purse of $30—$15 to the first, $10 to the second, and $5 to the third. There were four entries, as follows: Jas. T. Chambers, H. C. Zimmerman, Hunter Neill, and George Dale. The race was decided in three straight heats, as follows:

	First.	Second.	Third.
Chambers	1	2	2
Zimmerman	2	1	1
Neill	3	3	3
Dale	4	4	4

Time respectively, 4.22, 4.23 and 4.16.

An impromptu running race, for the amusement of the crowd, came off before the free-to-all race, between the nags of Henry Rothrock and Jas. Neill. The race was won by Rothrock. Time for the two-thirds mile, 1.57 and 1.58—pretty good for a scrub.

For the free-to-all race the purse was $100—$60 to the first, $30 to the second and $10 to the third. The entries were Wild Irishman, by W. H. Wigton, Clearfield county; Hambletonian, by John Harris; b. g. Jerry, by Isaac Lose; b. g. Harry, by C. Lemuel Munson—all the last named of this county. The race was won in four heats, as follows:

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.
Wild Irishman	3	3	1	2
Hambletonian	4	4	4	4
Harry	2	2	3	3
Jerry	1	1	2	1

Time respectively, 3.10, 3.20, 3.10½ and 3.10.

INCIDENTS, ACCIDENTS, ETC.

The order upon the fair grounds was exceedingly good, and the conduct of the immense crowd, both there and in the town, was commendable. Nothing occurred to mar the general pleasure, save two unfortunate accidents on Friday. As Mr. Joseph Tressler, of Pleasant Gap, was driving round the track in a buggy, having two of his children in with him, the shaft became broken, which caused the horse to run and kick. In trying to stop him, Mr. T. drew the rein suddenly round, which upset the buggy, throwing him and the children out. The buggy passed over Mr. T., and one of the children was seriously if not fatally injured.

On the same evening, as Mr. John Harper was leaving the grounds in a two-horse spring wagon from the stock entrance, in crossing the gully, the seat, which was unfastened, was tilted, throwing out his wife and his daughter Mary—the latter being so seriously injured in the spine that she could not be taken home. She was taken to the residence of her brother-in-law, Mr. James Sheridan, of this place, where she was properly cared for, and where she yet remains, we believe, although doing well.

As the vehicles were hurriedly leaving the grounds, near the main building, the horses attached to a couple of buggies became somewhat restive, and in making the heavy down-grade must have done considerable damage had not the prompt assistance of so many persons been rendered. In the lane, too, leading from the grounds, the vehicles were driven so closely together that when a front team halted it brought those behind to a sudden check, extending back almost through the entire line. One pair of horses attached to a spring wagon in which were seated several ladies and the driver, wheeled suddenly round, snapping the tongue and breaking the harness. Other horses became frightened, but there was little chance for run-a-ways with so compact a mass of vehicles and the many strong hands which promptly grasped any unruly nags.

A NOVEL TURNOUT.

A pair of very well-trained goats, harnessed and driven to a wagon by Master Alfred Baum, of this place, attracted the delighted attention of the juvenile visitors to the grounds.

PROPER ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS.

The success of the exhibition—a grand success in view of the many drawbacks which had to be encountered—is largely due to the active and untiring efforts of the officers of the association, viz: President, John A. Hunter; Vice Presidents, Leonard Rhone, Geo. H. Ziegler, Benj. Shaffer, John B. Mitchell; Secretary, R. M. Magee. It is also due to the members of the Executive Committee, viz: William Shortlidge, Wm. Rearick, Ambrose McMullen, John Rishel, Samuel Gilliland and Samuel Brugger. With a continuance of the same judicious and energetic management, the Association will be able to throw off all its embarrassments, and, in future exhibitions, place it upon a permanently profitable and secure foundation.

Our sketch is somewhat lengthy as well as hurried, but with its many undoubted inaccuracies and omissions will, we hope, be acceptable as well as prove interesting to our readers.

OBITUARY.

MRS. FRANCES SANDERSON FURST.

Mrs. Frances Sanderson Furst, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. C. Sanderson, of Mill Hall Pa., was born on the 7th of April, A. D. 1841. In the year 1864 she united with the Presbyterian church at Mill Hall, under the pastorate of the Rev. W. G. A. Agnew. On the 9th day of May, 1867, she was married to Mr. A. G. Furst, Esq., of Bellefonte, Pa. On the 27th of September, 1877, after an illness of six months, she fell asleep in Jesus. Her experience in this life was very precious, wherever she came she was welcomed, and when she left she was mourned. To those who knew her there is no need of giving the traits of her character. Her kindly and happy disposition was manifest to all. She enjoyed the life which God had given her, and all the good things that He had provided.

The energy, endurance, and tenderness that characterized her all her life were especially prominent in her last illness. When she felt that her earthly life must soon close, she tried to keep the sorrow, as long as possible, from pulling upon her own home. She told her father that no physician could save her, weeks before she said anything to her husband. And through the days of weakness and the long nights of restlessness, there were no complaints. Her desire was to have the last days that she spent with her family filled up with smiles, and they were. When friends look back to those last days they will always think of the evening time as light, light from the throne.

It is seldom that we meet with a faith as strong as that granted to our friend. Day by day she rested in the full assurance of faith; and talked of the home to which she was going with as much calmness as a traveler prepares for a journey. We saw her last on the evening before she fell asleep; and when she told us that she was just waiting and wishing for the last call, we were reminded of the lines by Dr. Guthrie:

"I am kneeling at the threshold, weary, faint, and sore,
Waiting for the dawning, for the opening of the door;
Waiting till the Master shall bid me rise and come
To the glory of His presence, to the gladness of His home."

In a few hours the wish was gratified, and she was with her Saviour. Another saint was home, and an earthly home was desolate. May the mother's God be the husband's strength, and the children's guide and shelter.

WILLIAM LAURIE.

THINK OF THIS.—Out of one hundred thousand bottles of Jamaica Vegetable Health Elixir sold last year, $1,000 were saved to the purchasers. This is one reason that we sell this valuable medicine at ninety-nine cents per bottle; and another reason is that we desire to attract public attention to it wherever it is not generally known. For all common diseases, such as headache from disordered stomach, constipation, loss of appetite, indigestion, biliousness, and a debilitated state of the system from impoverished blood, this remedy stands without a parallel. Regular size and sample bottles for sale by F. P. Green, Bellefonte. eow

MARRIED.

LEWIS—McMUNIGLE—Joseph Lewis and Mary Ann McMunigle, both of Talyor Township, on the 3d of Oct., 1877, by Benjamin Vaughen, Justice of the Peace.

HENDERSON—HESTON—Sept. 20th, by Rev. Dr. Hamill, at Oak Hall, Mr. William Henderson, of Port Matilda, and Miss Mary E. Heston, of Oak Hall.

DIED.

HOLTER—Near Howard, Sept. 8, 1877, Erastus Jones, son of A. L. and M. J. Holter, aged 3 years and 12 days.

"His spirit hath flown to its rest,
A far from this suffering clod,
Hath gained the fair clime of the blest,
And rests in the bosom of God."

HOLTER—Near Howard, Sept. 28, 1877, Edward Hamlin, son of A. L. and M. J. Holter, aged 11 years and 22 days.

Though but a child, his death was peaceful and triumphant. He told his parents not to weep for him but to meet him in heaven.

"Safer than in the nurse or mother's arms,
Free from all present and all future harms,
Mantled in sacred rest an infant sleeps,
And God himself the guardian station keeps.
Repose celestial! Sleep supremely blest.
Who can look on and envy not such rest!

ROOF—At Howard, Oct. 1, 1877, Emma May, daughter of John H. and Mary E. Roof, aged 4 years, 6 months and 16 days.

CURTIN—At his residence in Bellefonte, Thursday, October 4th, 1877, at 12:30 P. M., Orlando W. Curtin, third son of Roland Curtin, Esq., aged 35 years and 2 days.

Orlando Watson Curtin was born at Eagle Rolling Mill, Centre county, Pa., on the 13th day of Sept. 1842, and died at Bellefonte, Pa., Thursday, Oct. 2th, 1877, at 12:30 P. M., surrounded by his weeping and mourning friends. His mother and six brothers survive him, his father, the late Roland Curtin, Esq., having died two years ago.

Orlando enjoyed most excellent health, having a fine constitution, until about one and a half years ago. Afflicted for some time with a kidney disease, and taking no care of himself, it grew on him and he went to University Hospital, Phil'a, about one year ago, for treatment, which helped him very much, but those cold days last December, he through exposure at Julian Furnace, took cold and has been quite feeble ever since. A few weeks ago he got a notion to go again to the hospital, and did so, against the wishes of all his friends and family, and entered the St. Joseph hospital. He was thinking all the time he was getting better, but his mother and brother Andrew, going down there found him failing so fast they brought him home, and although after he came back home he was growing weaker, yet he had so very much energy and vitality he would insist on riding out, and only the forenoon of the day before his death, rode out to the fair grounds, but the fatigue of that ride was too much for him, he never rallied after it, and gradually sank away, and although his death was looked for soon, yet it came very unexpectedly to all.

Generous to a fault, kind, loving, forgiving, a heart that felt for the woes of others as much as any one could feel. Appetite and circumstances were against him. Intentional wrong to any man can never be charged against him. Let us, the living, shun his faults and emulate his virtues.

The past few weeks has made a great change in him in regard to his spiritual condition, and he gave evidence that he died in the hope of a blissful immortality. His death was as peaceful and happy as a little child's. The Rev. Wm. Laurie attended him in his last moments and when he prayed and spoke Orly, when he was past speaking, could only nod his head or move his hand in response to the loving words of the good minister as he stood in front of him. Orly never lost his reason for a single moment, and was perfectly calm and resigned to the very last, expressing his hope and trust in Jesus. Thus ends a life of a son, brother, friend, who loved us all and passed away sincerely mourned. "Peace to his ashes," for after "life's fitful fever he sleeps well."

"ONE WHO LOVED HIM WELL."

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, Oct. 9, 1877.

QUOTATIONS.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 35
Red wheat	1 35
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, cob	60
Corn, shelled	60
Oats	25
Clover seed	5 00
Flour, retail per barrel	7 50@8 00
Flour, wholesale	7 00

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay choice timothy per ton	$15 00
Hay Mixed per ton	12 00
Long rye straw, bundled per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	9 00
Nova Scotia, ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	6
Cherries, dried, per pound	
Beans, per quart	4
Fresh Butter, per pound	28
Chickens, per piece	20
Cheese, per pound	20
Hams, per pound	15
Bacon	10
Lard, per pound	8
Eggs, per doz	15
Tallow, per pound	6
Potatoes, per bushel	25
Dried Beef	20
Wilson's Pressed Beef, per lb	8
Canned Tomatoes, per can	16
Lemons, per doz	40

Philadelphia Stock Market.

Quotations of WHITE, POWELL & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 42 South Third Street.

PHILADELPHIA, October 6, 1877.

	BID.	ASKED.
U. S. 1881, c	109¾	109¾
" " '65, J. and J	105	105¾
" " '67, " "	107	107¾
" " '68, " "	109¼	109¾
" 10-40 coupon	107¾	108
" Pacific 6's, cy	120	120¼
New 5's, Reg. 1881	106¼	106¾
" " c. 1881	106¾	107¼
" 4½ Reg. 1891	104	104¼
" " c. 1891	104	104¾
Gold	102¼	103¼
New 4's Reg. 1907	101¼	101¾
Pennsylvania	31¾	31¾
Reading	16¾	16¾
Philadelphia and Erie	9¾	10
Lehigh Navigation	19¾	19¾
" Valley	39¾	40
United R. R. of J	124	128
Pittsburg, T. & Buffalo R.R.	8¾	8¾
Northern Central	17	17¼
Central Transportation	29	29¼
Nesquehoning	43¾	44
North Pennsylvania	38¾	39
C. & A. Mortgages 6's 89	111	111¼